Regd. No B. 1065 CITY EDITION Regd. No B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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VOL XXV No. 237 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Grand Mufti's S. O. S. To Arab Rulers

India Stands By China In Fight Against Imperialism

SINGAPORE RELIEF COMMITTEE CHIEF THANKS JAWAHAR

"Leadership Such As Yours Will Triumph Against Barbarism And Aggression", He Says

ALLAHABAD, October 5.

The following cablegram has been received by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President from Tan Kha Kee, Chairman of the Singapore China Relief Fund Committee:—

TRIUMPH AGAINST BARBARISM.

"We appreciate the firm stand you are taking in the cause of humanity and justice which has deeply touched the heart of the entire Chinese community here. You have our fervent prayer that, leadership such as yours, will triumph against barbarism and aggression."

IN COMMON INTEREST

Pandit Nehru has sent the following airmail letter to Tan Kha Kee in reply to the cablegram:—

"I thank you for your cablegram. India has been following with horror and indignation reports of Imperialist aggression and inhuman bombing in China. Friendship that has tied the peoples of China and India for thousands of years, would in any event, have brought the earnest sympathy and goodwill of India. But we feel that, in this calamity that has overtaken China, interests of the people of India as well as of all who strive for freedom, are at stake and so in virtue of our old friendship and our present common interest, we shall hold together to combat the Imperialist aggression, wheresoever it might come.

"Our only regret is that in this great crisis, that China is facing, we are not in a position to give effective help. But such help as we can give is at the disposal of the Chinese people.

"We are convinced that, out of this fiery ordeal China will emerge triumphant and free.

"May I add that, I retain with me fullest recollections of the cordial welcome, which our Chinese friends gave me as the President of the Indian National Congress, during my visit to Singapore and Malaya. That visit gave me opportunity of coming nearer to the Chinese people and making many friendships, which I cherish.

"I trust, that people of China and people of India, will come closer to each other and will cooperate in the world struggle for freedom against Imperialist aggression."—United Press.

JAPANESE CONSUL LEAVES CALCUTTA

Summoned By Govt. To Discuss Proposed Boycott By Indians

CALCUTTA, Oct. 6.

The 'United Presss" understands that on receipt of an urgent summons from the Home Government, the Consul-General for Japan in India has just left Calcutta for Japan.

Well-informed commercial circles of Calcutta believe that he has been summoned to hold consultation with the Home Government about the move in India to boycott Japanese goods as a protest against Japanese aggression in China and devise ways and means to counter-act the same.—United Press.

WHY JAPANESE CONSUL GENERAL LEAVES FOR TOKIO

CALCUTTA, October 6.

With reference to a Press Report that the Japanese Consul-General has left for Tokio, the Associated Press was informed on enquiry at the Japanese Consulate here, that the Consul-General was shortly leaving for Tokio on account of "diplomatic promotion".

The report that the return was in connection with the Indian boycott threat was stated to be without foundation.—A.P.

CHUNHSIEN CAPTURED

Chinese Defeat In 12 Hour Fight

PEIPING, Oct. 5.

The Japanese claim a further advance in Shansi and the capture of the walled town of Chunhsien, 70 miles north of the provincial capital of Taiyuanfu after a battle of 12 hours with 10,000 Chinese of ex-Communist army.—Reuter.

EARLIER CHINA NEWS ON PAGE 7.

JAPAN IS BOUND TO REACT

Reply To Boycott Campaign

CALCUTTA, October 5.

"If Indian merchants cease to buy Japanese goods, Japanese merchants in that case will have to stop purchasing articles made in India.

"For instance, if India does not import Japanese piece-goods, Japan will have to refrain from purchasing Indian cotton", said Mr. M. Nonomura, Acting-Consul General for Japan to the "United Press" when his attention was drawn to the resolution passed last night by the Executive Council, Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, recommending the boycott of Japanese goods as a protest against Japanese aggression in China.

Mr. Nonomura continuing said that the relations between India and Japan were always friendly. The attitude of Indians towards the Sino-Japanese problem should be strictly impartial and he thought it was the best course for India to pursue.

"In these circumstances", he said in conclusion, "I do not understand why a section of Indians should advocate the boycott of Japanese goods which would be regarded by the Japanese people as an unfriendly act against them. So far as I know, most of the Indian merchants who do business with Japan are in favour of following a neutral policy."—United Press.

RESTORE JUSTICE IN PALESTINE

Need Of Immediate Intervention Urged

JERUSALEM, Oct. 6.

The Grand Mufti, who is remaining within the fastness of the Mosque of Omar since the recent arrests, is reported to have telegraphed to three Arab rulers, King Ghazi, King Ibn Saud and Imam Yahya of Yemen, urging immediate intervention with the British Government to restore justice for Arabs in Palestine.—Reuter.

GENEVA LENDS MORAL SUPPORT TO CHINA

GENEVA, Oct. 6.

The Assembly adopted the two Far Eastern reports as also the Committee's resolution expressing moral support for China.

All the members voted in favour, except Siam and Poland, who abstained.

South Africa and Norway, which yesterday announced their intention of abstaining, changed their minds.

When Labour Attains Power

Party Congress Formulates Five-Year Plan For Adoption

CRIPPS ELECTED ON EXECUTIVE

LONDON, Oct. 6.

Labour's five-year plan was unanimously adopted by the Party Congress at Bournemouth.

It is a so-called short-term programme to be enforced within five years of Labour assumption of Power, the main points being nationalisation of the Bank of England, coal power establishment of a National Transport Board, and legislative affirmation that land belongs to the people

Notwithstanding the Conference's overwhelming rejection of the United Front advocated by Sir Stafford Cripps the latter was elected to the Executive.—Reuter.

REPORTS OF DRAFTING COMMITTEE ADOPTED

GENEVA, Oct. 5.

The Committee of 23 adopted both the reports of the Drafting Committee.

Poland, Canada and Switzerland abstained from voting, the last two named being desirous to consult their respective Governments.

The Committee afterwards adopted a resolution requesting its president to take necessary action with regard to the proposed meeting of the parties to the Nine-Power Treaty, expressing moral support with China, recommending the members of the League to refarain from taking any action which might have effect and weaken China's power of resistance and to consider how far they could individually extend aid to China

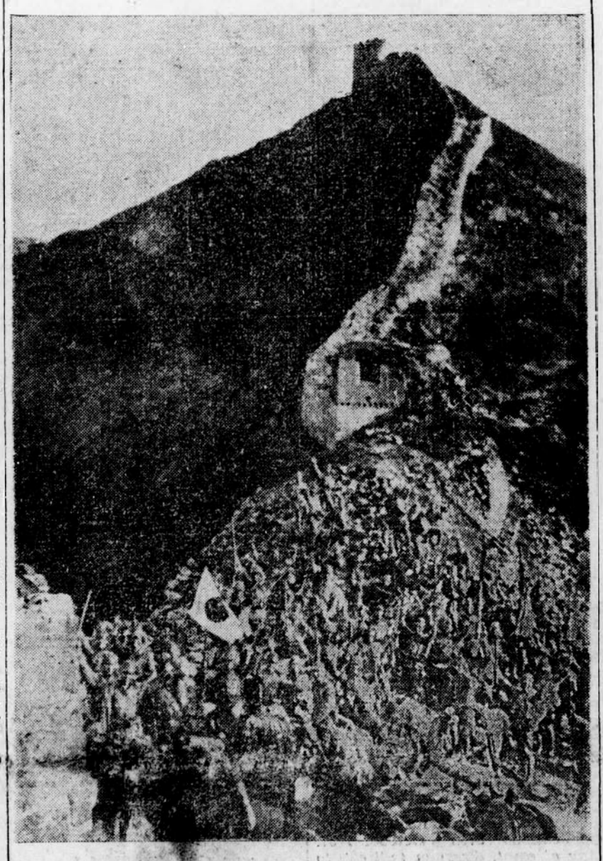
It is expected that the resolution will be adopted by the Assembly without opposition when it meets later in the evening.—A P

DUTCH AIR 'PLANE CRASH

THE HAGUE, Oct. 6.

The K L M Royal Dutch Airways Plane "Specht" crashed near Palembang Sumatra It is stated that three crew and one passenger, Van Teenberg were killed and another was slightly injured The other passengers are unhurt and the mail is undamaged. The accident is believed to have been due to one engine failing when the machine was landing.—Reuter.

Great Wall Captured



Japanese troops cheering after they siezed the Great Wall near Kalgan. Photo by air mail.

GANDHIJI'S LETTER TO TAGORE

"Silent Prayers Of Your Admirers Have Been Heard"

SANTINIKETAN, Oct. 6.

The following letter received by Poet Rabindra Nath Tagore from Mahatma Gandhi in reply to his last letter after recovery has been published in the "Vishva-Bharati News" for October:—

"Dear Gurudev,

"Your precious letter is before me. You have anticipated me. I wanted to write as soon as Sir Nilratan sent me his last reassuring wire. But my right hand needs rest. I did not want to dictate. The left hand works slow. This is merely to show you what love some of us bear towards you. I verily believe that the silent prayers from the hearts of your admirers have been heard and you are still with us. You are not a mere singer of the world. Your living word is the guide and an inspiration to thousands. May you be spared for many a long year yet to come.

"With deep love.—United Press.

MAHATMA THANKS FRIENDS

WARDHA, Oct. 6.

Gandhiji has issued the following statement to the press:

"It is impossible for me to send individual thanks to the numerous friends who have sent me telegrams and cables and also letters from almost all parts of India and the world I see that the volume is increasing from year to year I can only hope that it may be possible for innumerable friends throughout the world to be able to say at the end of the last line of the last chapter of my life that I never ceased to strive to deserve their affection M K Gandhi."—A. P.

GANDHI DAY IN ZANZIBAR

Clove Merchants' Satyagraha Continues Unbroken For Two Months

ZANZIBAR, October 6.

The Zanzibar Indian Association cables:—

Zanzibar Indians observed Gandhi Day with great enthusiasm.

A mass meeting reviewed two months' Satyagraha, which is maintained unbroken, despite Government remaining adamant.

Support of the Indian National Congress was highly appreciated and the sacrifices of India's merchants and public was gratefully acknowledged.

ZANZIBAR LEADER FOR INDIA

ZANZIBAR, October 6.

The Zanzibar Indian Association cables:—

Mr. Tayabali Karimjee, who walked out of the Legislative Council as a protest against the Clove Bill, sailed by s.s. "Kenya" for India.

ZANZIBAR APPEAL TO INDIAN WOMEN

BOMBAY, Oct. 6.

The Mahila Mandal, Zanzibar, cables:—

"A public meeting of Indian women held here was grieved at the situation of the Clove legislation, and resolved urging Desh Sevikas and India's women organisations to participate in the Congress clove boycott movement discarding the clove from house hold use.

Quoting a precedent that ladies had waited in deputation on the Viceroy, Lord Chelmsford which was successful in stopping the indentured Labour system, the meeting suggested the organisation of a similar deputation to the Viceroy to plead on behalf of the thousands of distressed families to press to obtain relief.

Assembly Censures India Govt.

WHY FOREIGN INCOME-TAX EXPERT?

Grigg Made To Withdraw Statement That "Newspapers Lie"

SIMLA, Oct. 6.

Government of India was censured to-day when, amidst loud cheers, the adjournment motion of Lala Shamlal regarding the appointment of Mr. S. P. Chambers as Chief Commissioner of Income Tax in India on a salary of Rs. 2,500 to Rs. 3,000 monthly, was carried by 59 votes against 42.

Elected members with the exception of Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed and Sir Mahomed Yakub supported the motion.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

SIMLA, Oct. 6.

After questions in the Assembly to-day the President announced the receipt of a notice of adjournment motion from Lala Shamlal to discuss the appointment of Mr. S. P. Chambers from England as Income-tax Commissioner on a salary of Rs. 2,000 to Rs. 3,000 monthly for five years.

The President wanted to know when the appointment was made.

Lala Shamlal stated that he came to know of the appointment yesterday but did not know when it was made.

Sir James Grigg asked Lala Shamlal what the source of his information was.

WHY NOT DENY IT?

Lala Shamlal: I cannot be examined here as an accused (Laughter). If the Hon. the Finance Member denies that appointment there is an end of the matter.

Explaining the importance of the subject, Lala Shamlal stated that Mr. Chambers was at present getting only £400 and asked why a gift of Indian taxpayers' money should be made in this fashion.

Sir James Grigg said that apart from two particulars in which the statements made in the motion were inaccurate, he did not regard the appointment as a matter of urgent public importance within the meaning of the rules.

The President said that he was inclined to hold that an appointment like this was undoubtedly of urgent importance as the post involved considerable expenditure.

UNAUTHORISED DISCLOSURE

Sir James Grigg submitted that no announcement had been made of the appointment and that information had reached the mover in consequence of an unauthorised disclosure.

The President asked those in support of the motion to stand up. As more than 25 stood up he fixed four in the afternoon for discussion.

After questions in the Legislative Assembly Sir Girja Sanker Bajpai, Secretary to the Department of Education, made a statement regarding his motion for consideration of the Patna University Act Amendment Bill, yesterday, when objection was taken as to the jurisdiction of the Central Legislature to interfere in a Provincial subject.

Sir G. S. Bajpai said that the Government now did not consider the view they had taken in regard to the Bill to be right, and, therefore, they had decided to withdraw the Bill. The House granted leave to withdraw the Bill.

FRATERNISE WITH CIVIL POPULATION

A. Sri Prakasa, who then resumed his speech on the Military Manoeuvres Bill, pleaded that the legitimate rights and privileges of landlords be adequately protected. He hoped that the Bill, when enacted, might improve relations between the military and civil population, and would augur the happy day when the army in India, instead of being regarded as an army of occupation, terrorising the people, might be regarded as an army for the protection of the people.

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. A. Ayyangar, on a point of order, argued that further progress in the Bill was barred by the fact that the sanction of the Governor-General under the new Act had not been obtained. He pointed out that sanction had been obtained under the old Government of India Act, when the Bill was introduced in the last Simla session, but since then certain specified parts of the new Government of India Act had come into operation, requiring the Governor-General's sanction for any measure like the present, dealing with the compulsory acquisition or modification of rights over land.

Mr G. H. Spence, Legislative Secretary, stated that there was no compulsory acquisition of land involved. He contended that sanction was required only when the Bill was introduced, and as Mr. Ayyangar admitted, such sanction had been obtained. No further sanction was needed now for further stages of the Bill.

BHULABHAI'S OBJECTION

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai argued that the Governor-General's sanction under the old act did not cover all stages or all provisions of the Bill. He declared that it did not cover the compulsory acquisition of land which the Bill entailed. He pointed out that the Privy Council recently held that any interference with land such as contemplated by the Bill was certainly tantamount to a modification of rights over land.

CHAIR TO RESCUE

The President upheld the contention that the sanction obtained at the time of introduction was sufficient and no fresh sanction was necessary. He did not like to go into the larger question, important though it was, whether the Bill was one, which modified the rights of property in land.

AYYANGAR SPRINGS SURPRISE

Mr. A. Ayyanger sprang a surprise on the House when he brought up another point of order. It produced a flurry of consultation between Legislative Secretary and the mover of the Bill, and an anxious study of the old and new Act. After the President ruled against the point of order, a further delving into the clauses of Acts took place, particularly on Congress benches, and the result was apparent when, within a few minutes of the House resuming after lunch, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai rose to a second point of order, and argued that the Central Legislature had no power to enact any law, modifying the rights in or over a land situated in Provinces and the Bill was.

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 6).

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Wanted a cultured girl for a Muslim, well placed in life. Please write Box No. 9135 "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Sole-Organiser for India for one purely Scientific Bonus Certificate Scheme on Rs. 200 p.m. plus commission. Apply: India Griol Assurance Co., Ltd., P.O. Box No. 36, Amritsar. (9123)

Wanted a few Young men to work in Bombay Province for the distribution of our lists and collecting addresses. Starting pay Rs. 25. For further details please apply mentioning age, qualifications and experience etc., to Tan Sen House, Ltd., Jalalpur Jattan (Pb.) (9172)

Wanted Lady Doctors M.B.B.S., 225/-, L.C.P.S. 125, outstation, fully qualified Nurses Bombay. Apply Daboo, Fourth floor, Ismail Bldg., 381, Hornby Road. (9178)

Wanted expert Superviser for group of cotton mills. A technical man with experience of buying and selling preferred. Apply Box No. 6965, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted one Carding Assistant and one Assistant Spinning Master, having technical experience. Salary between Rs. 100 to Rs. 125 p.m. according to qualifications and experience. Apply sharp with testimonials and references to the Narsinggirji Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Sholapur. (6928)

Wanted candidates to qualify as Engineers; Overseers, through Postal training. Apply:—British India Technical College, Sukkur, (Sind). (9161)

Wanted immediately Stockists and Agents all over India to our "Dutch Drops" Waaning Tilly Oil famous household remedy. Apply the Eclipse Distributing Agency, Bahanu Road, Thana Dt. (9113)

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

Qualified Dentist wants work. Knows Dispensing. Partnership or pay. Write Box No. 9165, "Bombay Chronicle."

117. MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

For Sale: Mercedes-Benz type 200 —7 Seater Limousine with Glass Partition, DeLuxe Equipment. 1935 Model, perfect condition, very carefully used, run 5,000 miles only, original price Rs. 11,000, now offered at a very low price. Apply Box 9143, "Bombay Chronicle".

245. ASTROLOGERS

Follow the advice for Cotton, Gold, Silver, Tata-Defd. Heavy fluctuations. Earn thousands. Fees Rs. 5. Pandit Maheshwar, (Astrologer and Palmist), 344, "Abdul Rehman Building", 2nd floor, Room No. 34, Opp. Plaza Cinema, Dadar. Office hours 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. (9149)

251. INSURANCE AGENTS

A well established Indian Insurance Company, with large Capital and Government Security desires Chief Agency connection in Kenya, Uganda, Zanzibar and other African Territories. Reliable and Influential parties should apply stating Bank or other references and terms to Box No. 6965, "Bombay Chronicle".

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted influential Travelling Agents for our famous artificial silk and cotton carpets of Bhavani on commission basis. For particulars apply to: M. K. Muthusami Chattiar, Carpet Manufacturer, Bhavani, (via) Erode, S. India. (9175)

655. HIRE-PURCHASE PLANS

Wanted—Candidates for Houses on Hire Purchase Proprietory Rights Free of Rent or any Interest. The Hindustani Bima Co., Ltd., Lahore. (9112)

Public Notices

G. I. P. RAILWAY

RATE CIRCULARS

A NEW RATE CIRCULAR, viz., Special Rate Circular No. 13 of 1937, is being issued to-day. Particulars can be obtained from the CHIEF TRAFFIC MANAGER, Bombay, or Stations.

6993

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. SHAMRAO KASHINATH RAO, of Bombay Hindu inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 94, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Leasehold tenure situate at Dadar Matunga Estate of Bombay Municipality of Khareghat Road, outside the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement (700) seven hundred square yards or thereabouts bearing Cadastral Survey. No. 150F/10 of Dadar-Matunga Division with the messuage tenement, dwelling house and structures standing thereon or in course of construction assessed by the Bombay Municipality under F Ward No. 71, 88 (1F) and Street No. 755F and bounded, on or towards the North-East by plot No. 161 agreed to be leased to V. H. Saranga and another, on or towards the South-West by Plot No. 165D agreed to be leased to Mrs. Shakuntalabai Talpade, on or towards the North-West by Plot No. 165E and on or towards the South-East by a public Road called Khareghat Road.

Dated this 6th day of October, 1937.

SAHIAR & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(6991)

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6986.

BOMBAY-SIND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

No. 15(1)(3). Applications are invited for the post of Professor of Education, Secondary Training College, Bombay, on Rs. 300-20-420-E. B-30-660-E. B.-40-900. Probationary period two years on Rs. 300. Qualifications: Honours graduates of, and possess degrees in, or diplomas of education of an English, Scottish or Irish University, with experience of teaching. Preference will be given to a candidate who has specialised either in English or in Sanskrit.

Full particulars will be found in Part I of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of 7th October 1937, or can be obtained on application, with a duly stamped and addressed envelope, to the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bombay-Sind, P.W.D Secretariat, Fort, Bombay. Last date for receipt of applications 27th October 1937. *Any attempt, direct or indirect, to influence the Secretary or a Member of the Commission will disqualify the candidate.*

6987.

NOTICE.

BACK BAY RECLAMATION.

The Collector of Bombay hereby invites sealed tenders on approved forms for a 99 years' lease in respect of Plot No 119, situated at the Junction of Jamshedji Tata and Dinshaw Wacha Roads in Block II and measuring about 2,191 sq yds The tenders should be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 20,000 (Rupees twenty thousand) and should reach the Collector, on or before 12 Noon on 21st October 1937, instead of on the 12th instant as previously advertised.

The Collector is not bound to accept the highest or any tender.

Forms of Agreement for Lease and the Lease, together with plans and Building Rules can be obtained at the office of the Collector at annas eight per copy.

T. E. STREATFIELD,
Collector of Bombay.

Collector's Office, Bombay.
5th October, 1937

6927.

Auction Sales

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AUCTION SALE OF THREE BRITISH MAKE RADIO SETS.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO. Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 21st day of October, 1937 at 2-30 P.M (S.T.) at their Auction Rooms at No. 72, Meadows Street, Fort, under instructions from The United Engineering Corporation and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Damodar Das Nagory and Bros. General Merchants & Commission Agents, of Sarafa Road, Lashkar, Gwalior, the defaulting purchasers:—

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COMMUNALISM AND TRADE UNIONISM

No Place For Obnoxious Principle In Workers' Movement

(From Our Own Correspondent).
SECUNDERABAD, (By Mail.)

"Communalism has no place in the Trade Union Movement and belief in the leadership of this or that individual was bound to result in ultimate disappointments," remarked Mr. S. Guruswamy, Vice-President of the Nizam's State Railway Employees' Union, at a largely attended public meeting of labourers held during the week-end.

Referring to the question of the Union's attitude to collaboration with a rival organisation, the speaker said that what was required was unity based on convictions and principles and cited as an example the S. I. Ry. Union.

Turning to the Wedgewood Committee Report, the speaker said that the Report of the Committee on Indian Railways laid considerable stress on job analysis and elimination of men power practically in every department. He was, therefore of opinion that the changes recommended by the Committee have to be studied and understood by the Trade Unions and the workers' point of view properly emphasised so that their interests are not ignored in any rationalisation measures.

SOURCE OF DANGER.

Speaking about the source of danger to the Railway men in the shape of ill-informed public opinion and the unorganised industrial establishments. Mr. Swamy emphasised the necessity of labour representation in the legislatures.

The meeting thereafter passed a condolence resolution recording its deep sorrow at the untimely demise of Mr. N Nathens, Secretary, International Transport Workers' Federation, in an air crash tragedy.

PREMATURE SLAUGHTER OF COWS

SIMLA, Oct. 2.

"Blue Bell," "Marigold," and "Rose," three of the six cows from Calcutta, presented by His Excellency the Viceroy to the Delhi Pinjrapole in November last, have calved recently, giving birth "Blue Bell" to a male white calf, weighing 64 lbs., "Marigold" to a female white calf, weighing 60lbs., and "Rose" to a male white calf, weighing 80lbs. It is understood that two of the other animals are also in calf.

In presenting the animals, His Excellency hoped that these cows would all have further calves, and give a good yield of milk.

One of the objects His Excellency had in view in presenting to the Delhi Pinjrapole six cows and one she-buffalo, supposed to have gone dry, was to enable it to be demonstrated whether the animals had really lost their milk-yielding capacity as alleged. The fact that four of these have now calved will, it is hoped, afford a stimulus to the movement for the protection from premature slaughter of animals of this class.—United Press.

RAILWAY BRIDGES WASHED AWAY

PATNA, Oct. 6.

Due to sudden rise of Hilly river, vast areas covering Mokameh ghat, Jhajha, Jamu and other neighbouring places are under water

It is reported several railway bridges and culverts were washed away. The railwaya line being under water 17 Up Express and 3 Down Mokameh passenger were held up at Jamu. E. I. R.

Arrangements to run this afternoon, the duplicate 17 Up from Patna junction are being made.—United Press.

ESCAPED PRISONER ARRESTED

SIALKOT, Oct. 5.

Bashira, an undertrial prisoner, who escaped from the lock-up of the Sardar police station about five months ago at night and in which connection four constables and a head constable were dismissed by the Superintendent of Police has been arrested by the police from his village.

The prisoner, it is stated, came to his village when the police on receipt of the information raided his house and arrested him.

U. P. Ministers To Tour Districts

LUCKNOW, Oct. 6.

Now that the budget session of the U. P. Assembly is over, Ministers are going out on tours in the various districts of the Province.

It transpires that, in response to the U. P. Congress Executive's wishes, Ministers have informed the District Congress Committees concerned date and time of their arrival in each district, so that public will not find difficulty in interviewing the Ministers.—United Press.

BIHAR GOVT. TO WRITE OFF TAKAVI LOANS

PATNA, Oct. 5.

The "United Press" reliably understands that the Bihar Government have decided to provide for writing off 'takavi' loans in the legislation which they propose to introduce regarding rural indebtedness, in the forthcoming Assembly session.—United Press.

ANTI-FEDERATION WEEK IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Oct. 6.

An Anti-Federation Week has been decided upon by the Bengal Congress Socialist Party with effect from October 15 when a campaign against the introduction of Federation will be launched throughout the provinces.

A rally of Congress workers of Bengal on the issue of boycott of Federation will be held in Calcutta on October 23.—United Press

GHUND RULER DEAD

SIMLA, Oct. 6.

News is received here of the death of the Ruler of Ghund, one of the Simla hill states.

On receipt of information, the heir-apparent returned in haste to the State.

The Rana of Ghund is well-known in Simla society, and was the owner of several race horses A P.

TWO KILLED IN VILLAGE CLASH

SHIKHUPURA, Oct. 5.

A report has been received here of a clash between two parties of Muslim villagers of Satiala near Sangla Two men died and a number of villagers are seriously injured.

It is reported on account of a long-standing dispute over some land, both parties came from words to blows. During the fight spears and other weapons were freely used.

Two were killed on the spot, while a number of others were removed in a precarious condition to the Hospital.—A.P.

Karachi, Oct. 6.—Kazi Abdul Rahman, ex-Chief Officer, of the Karachi District Local Board, who was suspended from office ten months ago, has been reinstated.

Itch Germs Killed in 7 Minutes

Your skin has nearly 50 million tiny seams and pores where germs hide and cause terrible Itching, Cracking, Eczema, Peeling, Burning, Acne, Ringworm, Psoriasis, Blackheads, Pimples, Foot Itch and other blemishes. Ordinary treatments give only temporary relief because they do not kill the germ cause. The new discovery, Nixoderm kills the germs in 7 minutes and is guaranteed to give you a soft, clear, attractive, smooth skin in one week, or money back. Get guaranteed Nixoderm from your chemist today and remove the real cause of skin trouble.

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Counsel Doubts Madras Judge's Decision

Says In Plywood Case Pure Logic And Object Of Act Should Be Considered, Not 'Dogmas'

Arguments in what is known as the Plywood case were concluded before Mr. I S Haji Presidency Magistrate Mazagaon Police Court, on Tuesday.

In this case one Ahmedali Essoofally is being prosecuted by the Bombay Municipality for storing plywood without a licence.

According to the Municipal Act license is necessary for storing timber within the city limits.

Is plywood timber? This is the question that awaits decision. The accused declared that timber conveyed the idea of raw material which may be sawed or cut into different sizes.

Plywood was not timber in its ordinary or accepted sense but was a manufactured article.

Mr. D. K Billimoria for the accused, contended that, according to the Municipal schedule, a prosecution could only be launched if timber was stored without licence but it did not mean that a licence was necessary to store articles manufactured out of timber.

Counsel cited the authority of a Madras case (Ramanuja vs. Municipal Commissioner) which arose in identical circumstances. The Judge there had observed that there was no precedent to it and he had to dogmatise He gave a decision against the Municipality holding that Plywood was a manufactured article.

Mr. M. G. R. Aitken, Counsel for the Bombay Municipality, said that when an object was mentioned, it did not mean only when it was in its raw stage. Nobody could get railway sleepers from a forest. Sleepers were manufactured from wood with the addition of creosite. So also was plywood from timber with the addition of glue. It remained timber nevertheless.

Counsel submitted that in such cases the object of the Act in making the non-compliance even penal should be noted.

The object of the Act, he said was to prevent fire and nuisance to neighbours. Gas, bamboos etc. were included under the Act precisely with a view to prevent fire.

In the Oxford Dictionary (1934) plywood was defined as "similar to wood useful in buildings, etc."

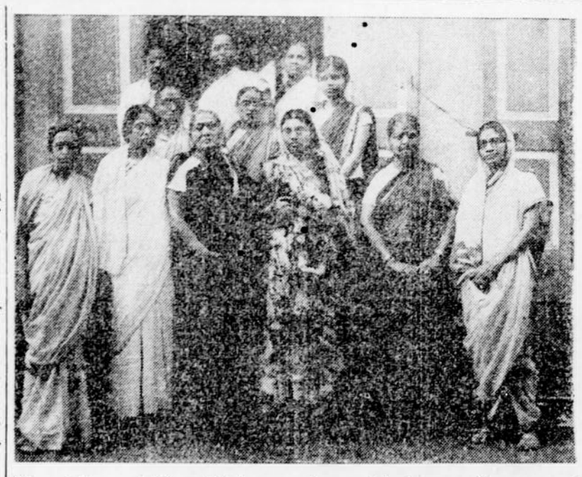
Counsel continuing said that as wood was timber and plywood was wood, so plywood was timber.

He said the greatest argument in his favour was that the learned authors described "plywood" under the heading "timber," which they would not have done without cogent reasons.

The "Indian Forest" described plywood as timber cut up and "fashioned."

So with great deference to the Madras judge he said, here was a case where pure logic and object of the Act was to be taken into consideration. It was not case where one should "dogmatise."

The case was adjourned to 19th October.



Mrs. Lilavati Munshi (centre) presided over the second anniversary of the Maii Vidyarthi at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, on Tuesday evening. Group taken on the occasion.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Delisle Road police arrested Douglas Dutton last night at about 8-30 p.m. on a charge of theft of a revolver from the residence of T. H. Harries living in the B. B. and C. I. Railway quarters, Lower Parel. The accused, it is stated, was also living at the same place.

The accused was placed before the Magistrate, Dadar, and was ordered to be released on bail till 13th October.

The story of how a police party chased from one building to another two men, who had escaped from an alleged sutta den, was narrated at the Girgaum Court to-day.

Three police constables were injured in the melee one of also one of the alleged gamblers Kanji Lalji.

However the police arrested the party of five and, it is alleged seized slips and cash (including marked coins) of Rs. 192-8-0 from the premises.

The accused were released on bail till 20th instant at the Girgaum Court.

Raid At Bangalipura

The Anti-Gambling Squad arrested two more persons Sayed Abdul Bari and Latif Abdulla following a raid at house No. 41-43, Bangalipura.

The accused were ordered to be released on bail in a sum of Rs. 100 till the 20th instant.

Four persons were arrested by the Kalachowkie Police who raided a Kharvi's hut in Karvi Vadi at Parel Tank Road last night.

Baboo Rama, Shivram Dhaku, Babaji Laxman and Baboo Ramchandra were ordered to be released on bail in a sum of Rs. 100 till the 13th instant at the Girgaum Court.

Fifteen Persons Fined

Fifteen persons were convicted by Mr. I. N Mehta at the Special Court, Girgaum and fines ranging from Rs. 25 to Rs. 150 were imposed on them.

The persons were arrested at Foras Road on March 12 last while gambling in cards and cowries.

Juma Haji in whose name the raided place stood was fined Rs. 150 in default to undergo imprisonment for six weeks.

Similar sentences were awarded to Fulchand Kesarimal and Ramanandan Sitaram as they had one and two previous convictions respectively.

The remaining accused, twelve in number, received a sentence of fine in the sum of Rs. 25.

Five more accused arrested in the case are absconding.

Nurse Murder Mystery

Although three days have passed since Sister Scott was found dead in her quarters at the Police Hospital in Nagpada, no arrest has been made by the Police as they have not been able to unravel the mystery.

Dr. Mehta, the Police Surgeon, it is understood, has not yet submitted his report regarding the wounds inflicted on the deceased.

The presumption of suicide by the dead woman is now definitely set aside and the police have taken into their custody all the available materials from the deceased's quarters, including letters written by the husband and other relatives, to find out a clue They are sorting these materials at the Nagpada police station and the results are awaited with interest.

There are many theories regarding the crime, which the police are trying their best to investigate

The Working Committee of the Ratnagiri District Khots and Zamindars Sangh has decided to oppose Dr. Ambedkar's Bill to abolish the Khoti System on the ground that the Bill is detrimental to the interests and rights of the village.

Maharashtra High School

His Worship the Mayor of Bombay Dr. E. Moses, M.D., J P along with Prof. Hate, Rao Bahadur Bole, Mr. Purshottamdas Jivandas, Mr. Y. S. Pandit, Dr R. K Dhuru and others paid a visit to the Maharashtra High School situated in the mill area of Bombay.

Principal N. M. Kale took them round all the classes of the School. The Mayor observed the physical drill, and put some questions to the boys and was pleased at the intelligent answers given by them.

Dr. Moses and other guests were very well impressed with the useful work of spreading secondary education at a very cheap cost to the children of the labouring and depressed classes. Out of 500 boys on the rolls, 68 per cent came from the working class population of the city.

Principal Kale pointed out to the Mayor that the School afforded every scope in the near future for making new experiments like giving industrial bias on a compulsory basis or special education for the children whose original environment is of a poor type. Dr. Moses noted with interest that the School conducted a night class for adult education and remarked that the School deserved every kind of help and encouragement from the Government and the public.

TEA PARTY TO Dr. NERURKER

The members of the Municipal Corporation gave a Tea Party to Dewan Bahadur J. S. Nerurker, the retiring Executive Health Officer on Wednesday evening in the Corporation Hall. Besides councillors of all parties, the heads of different departments of the Municipality were also invited. Dr. E. Moses, the Mayor spoke after tea, in appreciative terms of the valuable services rendered by Dewan Bahadur Nerurker to which the latter suitably replied.

Full Bench Again For Shamdasani

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Blackwell at the High Court heard the application of Mr. P. D. Shamdasani in connection with a chamber summons taken out by him to set aside the decision of the Taxing Master in respect of the taxation of the bill of costs in his suit against the Central Bank.

The chamber summons was dismissed by Mr. Justice Kania as Mr. Shamdasani was not present when the matter was reached for hearing. It was against this order that Mr. Shamdasani made the present application.

The chamber summons was on board of Mr. Justice Kania on February 4, 5, 8, 9 and 10, and Mr. Shamdasani attended the Court at intervals to watch for the hearing.

On February 10 when the board for the day was discharged, Mr. Shamdasani left the court.

After he left on February 10 a part-heard suit was settled in his absence. The next day Mr. Shamdasani's matter was on board and it was reached and dismissed in his absence before he came to court that afternoon.

Subsequently Mr. Shamdasani applied to have his matter restored on the board, but Mr. Justice Kania dismissed the application, observing that it could not be said that Mr. Shamdasani's matter reached hearing abruptly and that, if he had made enquiries by coming to the court early next morning, he would have known immediately that the preceding day's part heard suit had been settled.

Against this decision of Mr. Justice Kania, Mr. Shamdasani filed the present application

Mr. Shamdasani appeared in person Sir Jamshed Kanga appeared for the respondents.

In the course of the arguments, the Chief Justice observed that the order made in this case seemed a harsh one. For three days the applicant had been attending the court. This was difficult matter for a busy man.

In view of the importance of the point at issue, their lordships referred the case to a Full Bench.

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THE BLEEDING HORSE

The original sign represented an heraldic horse decorated with ermine. The spots on the ermine were mistaken for blood by ignorant people and the title "Bleeding Horse" ousted the correct name, which, by the way, seems to have been completely lost. There is a "Bleeding Horse" at Ramsbury, near Hungerford.

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TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay Programme

A.M.

8-30 Clarionet Solo. An AIR Artist. 8-40. Talk (Marathi): "Thumbing the Books" Prof. V. N. Naik. 8-55 Light Songs. Sadolikar Wamanrao. With Harmonium, Sarangi and Tabla. 9-25 Talk (Marathi): "Balkanche Chamatkarik Goshti." By Prof. N.K. Bhagwat.

Noon.

12-0 "Tunes of the Town."

P.M.

1-0 Available Market Rates and Announcements. Lunch Hour Music. 6-0 The Novelty Trio. 6-30 To the Baumijan. A programme arranged for the villager. (The News in Marathi and Time Signal at 7-0 p.m.) 7-30 "About the Home". A Real Cook's Tour: "U. S. A. Southern Dishes." By Hilda Flanders. 7-45 The Viennese Orchestra. From Mongini's. 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 Talk (English): "Down to the Sea in Ships." Part 1. Capt. G. S. Garner. 9-15 The News. 9-30 A Musical Concert. Prof. Narayanrao Vyas. With Tambora, Sarangi and Tabla.

Delhi Programme

A.M.

8-0 Panna Lal. 8-30 Asawari on Sarangi. 8-35 Allah Rakha. 8-50 A Contest Sitar and Tabla. Haider Husain Chughtai will play on Sitar Ustad Allah Diya of Delhi will play on Tabla. 9-10 The News (English). 9-20 The News (Hindustani). 9-20 Zohra Jan.

P.M.

12-30 Indian Music. 1-30 "An Orchestral Programme". 6-0 Panna Lal. 6-25 Alap and Gat Pilu on Sarod. 6-30 Zohra Jan. 7-0 "For Villagers Only." (The News and Market Rates at 7-30 p.m.) 8-0 Talk (Hindustani): "Out of the Past" No 1. The last of the Moghuls Bahadur Shah by Khwaja Hassan Nizami. 8-15 Sitar and Tabla. Haider Husain and Ustad Alla Diya of Delhi. 8-35 Panna Lal 8-55 Zohra Jan. 9-15 The News (Hindustani). 9-30 The News (English). 9-45 "Sweet Suits". 10-0 Talk (English): "On the Suicide of the Road". By J. A. Scott, O.B.E. 10-15 "More Sweet Suits".

New Department In Govt. Of India

SEQUEL TO RUSSEL'S REPORT

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, Oct. 6.

Organisation of a separate portfolio of Communications in the Government of India raises the question whether the time has not arrived also for rearrangement of subjects under the Education Member, if not actually for creation of separate portfolio of Development and Agriculture

REORGANISATION PLAN.

Proposals in this connection are expected to come up for consideration by the Government of India, when far-reaching recommendations made by Dr. Wright and Sir John Russell are taken up for being implemented

The Imperial Council of Agricultural Research has hitherto been merely an Advisory Body, with no power of funds to implement its recommendations. Russell's report, however, foreshadows the extension of the Council's scope and activities, so that it may have an independent status as Development and Agriculture Department. Its functions will be not merely to gain knowledge but to apply it to carry results of its investigations to the cultivator in the village and arrange for adequate financing of production and movement of crops develop agricultural engineering for manufacture of suitable implements, study soil conservation, standardise agricultural technique collect reliable statistics and, above all organise agriculture on a sound economic basis and stimulate commercial exploitation through agricultural research and propaganda.

This task can only be efficiently accomplished if the Government of India sets its own house in order and brings together all research and scientific department like Forestry Geology, Nutrition Irrigation and other scattered activities so as to facilitate co-ordinated effort; and, lastly reorganise its methods and activities so that it may keep itself in vital touch with the people of the villages in the Provinces.

INITIATIVE FROM CENTRE.

As financial stringency of Provincial Governments makes it difficult for them to go ahead with large-scale plans, recommended by Russell and Wright, initiative has to come from the Government of India for agricultural planning on nation-wide scale. Separate Department of Development and Agriculture, which will co-ordinate scientific work with Agricultural Development and commercial exploitation seems to be the logical conclusion of the recommendations made by Sir J Russell and Dr. Wright.

NEED OF BETTER TREATMENT.

Attention has been deservedly called in the report to the stepmotherly treatment meted out to scientific workers in India Brilliant young men doing first class scientific work are paid barely sixty 60 per month Any reorganisation of his scientific department has to include a provision for treating research assistants, and scientific workers with justice and give them same status and privileges as other Government services.

COLD OR HOT

HORLICK'S

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BRABOURNE STADIUM

No Matches In Oct. & Nov.

BOMBAY, Oct 6.

The presence of several thousand spectators at the Brabourne Stadium for the opening match of the Cricket Club of India against the Shapur Spencer Cup XI on Saturday was responsible for considerable delay in the progress of the work. The Fixtures Committee of the Club at a meeting held on Tueday evening decided, therefore, to cancel the Club's fixtures in October and November. Endeavours are being made to play some of the matches on other grounds if available. —A.P.

Japanese Consul's Statement

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the criticism in to-day's issue of your paper on my statement appearing in yesterday's "Times of India," I am enclosing herewith a copy of the letter I had addressed to that paper regarding the ten Chinese rescued by s.s. "Scharnhorst."

It is regretted that my letter was not reproduced as it was and an extract thereof in shape of a statement appeared, which has led you to misunderstand the actual contents.

It is not correct to say that I had made any apologia. I was only acting as a medium to convey to the press the narration made by the Captain and Chief Mate of s.s. "Scharnhorst" before Mr. Uchiyama, Japanese Consul-General at Manila. Hence I am not in any way responsible for what has been narrated by the Officers of the ship.—Yours etc

M. ISHIKAWA.
Consul for Japan, Bombay.

Bombay, Oct 6.

2nd October 1937.

The Editor,
"The Times of India,"
BOMBAY.

Dear Sir,

The Reuter's telegram dated the 27th September from Hongkong, as published in your paper the next day, states:

"The liner SCHARNHORST to-day arrived at Hongkong with probably the ghastliest story of massacre on sea ever heard. She carried nine men and one woman, survivors of over 300 members of the crews of 12 fishing junks which a Japanese submarine attacked at Cheelongkau, a point 80 miles from Hongkong. .....

.....

.....

"THE SCHARNHORST sighted the survivors clinging to a roughly made raft. .....

.....

.....;;

The abovementioned telegram is entirely groundless, in view of the following narration made by the Captain and Chief Mate of S. S. Scharnhorst, which arrived at Manila on the 30th September, before Mr. Uchiyama, Japanese Consul General at Manila.

At 3-00 a.m. on the 27th September, while navigating at a spot about 50 miles off Hongkong, S. S. Scharnhorst rescued ten Chinese including a woman drifting in the sea. The said vessel arrived at Hongkong at 7.24 a.m. and handed those persons over to the local police there. The Captain attempted through the Chinese crew of the vessel to make enquiry with the survivors as to how they had met with the disaster, but unfortunately the Chinese crew of the vessel and the survivors spoke different dialects and the Captain, therefore, failed in obtaining necessary information. But from the condition of the victims at the time they were rescued, it could be gathered that there was no sign that they were attacked by the Japanese submarine.

On the arrival of s.s. Scharnhorst at Hongkong, the Captain nor the Chief Mate were called upon by any press correspondents and it is really surprising that in spite of this fact the news should have been reported as narrated by them.

I shall appreciate very much if you will kindly take an earliest opportunity to publish this explanation and thus have the erroneous report rectified.

Yours faithfully,
M. ISHIKAWA,
Consul for Japan, Bombay.

VICTORY FOR HINDU GYMKHANA

Madras Cricketers Defeated By 12 Runs

Ram Singh's success with the bat and ball, when he played a bright innings for his 84 and captured 6 wickets for 56 runs, and three half-centuries of M. S. Gurtu, L. B. Kenny and M. S. Naik for the Hindu Gymkhana, were the main features, in a single-day match between the Minerva Cricket Club from Madras and the Hindu Gymkhana, at the latter's ground at the Kennedy Sea Face on Wednesday.

The visitors batted first and collected 178 runs, the chief contribution being that of Ram Singh, their skipper, who carried his bat for 84.

The home team replied with 190 and won the match by 12 runs

THE SCORES

MINERVA CRICKET CLUB, MADRAS: V. R. Lakshmi Ratan 5, S. K. Mohan 11, T. D. Narayanswami Rao 6, M. S. Gopal 17, A. G. Amar Singh 84, Hyder Ali, 2, T. R. Loganathan 3, C. V. Krishnaswami 3, T. S. Prankusam 3, R. R. Nayudu 10, S. G. Deenan 7, Extras 18, total 178.

Koppiker got 4 wickets for 50 runs.

HINDU GYMKHANA: A. J. Dossa 9, M. S. Gurtu 56, U. M. Merchant 0, L. B. Kenny 50, M. S. Naik 50, P. B Katrecha 0, R. R. Sarang 3, K. H. Jobenputra 6, D. V. Koppiker 0, S. L. Patil 5, G. B Gavenker 0, Extras 11, total 190.

Ram Singh got 6 wickets for 56 runs.

Western India Billiards

A. K. Shakoor's Great Victory

Tyebjee's Surprise Defeat In Final

BOMBAY, October 6.

The first official Western India Amateur Billiards Championship organised by the newly formed Western India Billiards Association was brought to a fitting conclusion at the Islam Gymkhana on Wednesday evening, when A. K. Shakoor, playing a great game, defeated one of Bombay's star players, M. A. Tyebjee, in the final by 293 points in a game of 750 up.

FINE GAME

It was one of the finest games ever witnessed in the city and the winner, A K. Shakoor, certainly, was at his best. He started with confidence and made a fine break of 58 on his second visit to the table He kept it up very well indeed and on his almost every visit to the table he made good breaks, all of them over 20 being 58, 21, 33, 25, 22, 26, 28, 35, 29, 56, 31, and 25.

EPOCH IN BOMBAY BILLIARDS.

Shakoor's victory marks an epoch in the history of Bombay's official Billiards Championship, as he is the first man to get his name inscribed on the Western India Championship Cup.

A good crowd of spectators saw Tyebjee break the balls, while Shakoor on his second visit to the table made an excellent break of 58 and from now onwards kept up his lead with steady scoring.

A little later Tyebjee regained his lost ground and with breaks of 26, 29, 20 and 33 he drew almost level with the winner, when one hour's play saw the scores 220—215 in favour of Shakoor.

At the interval Shakoor was still leading by 18 points, the scores being 306—288, while 2 hours' play saw Shakoor in a winning position, when he had reached his 500 to Tyebjee's 374.

TYEBJEE'S BRILLIANT IN-OFFS.

The only thing for which Tyebjee attracted attention today also, was his execution of brilliant in-offs from the "D" into the middle pockets, coupled with his skill of nursing the balls in favourable positions, but to-day was his unlucky day and before he could find his feet Shakoor had established a safe winning lead

With still another 31, 25 and several small breaks, Shakoor went on to win the match with his unfinished break of 14, and won the honour of being the first Western India Billiards Champion, while the final scores stood at 750—457

PRESENTATION OF TROPHIES

Before asking his wife to present the cups Mr. F W Thornback, a member of the tournament Committee thanked the donors of the cups and the President and members of the Islam Gymkhana for placing their Gymkhana at the disposal of the committee for playing the matches in the championship

In the end Mr Thornback congratulated A K Shakoor for becoming the first official Western India Billiards Champion

RESULT:—

A K Shakoor beat M A Tyebjee 750—457.

WORLD OF SPORT: HOME AND ABROAD

Brabourne Stadium In Use!

(BY "LOOKER ON")

The news that a cricket match would be played on the new grounds of the Cricket Club of India, Ltd., attracted a large crowd at the Brabourne Stadium on Saturday last. Their natural curiosity was, of course, to see how far the construction of the Stadium and the pavilions had progressed and how the cricket-field looked and played There were expressions of admirations on all sides. It was agreed on all hands that after it was fully completed the Stadium together with the pavilions, would present a grand appearance of which Bombay might be justifiably proud.

PLAYING-FIELD

The playing field wears a splendid appearance now. But what impressed everybody most was its gigantic size. It is certainly bigger than the arena of the Bombay Gymkhana ground. Critics are now prepared to acclaim it as the biggest ground in the East. To score sixers on this ground will be an achievement indeed On Saturday M. S. Gurtu, a hitter of some repute, tried hard to lift the ball over the ropes, but remained unsuccessful till the end of the day. It is to be seen who gains the first applause for this meritorious feat.

The pitches have been very carefully prepared by Frank Tarrant, the veteran Australian Cricketer, and it is claimed confidently by him that they would last four-day matches admirably Although I am a little sceptical about it myself I would wait for the verdict till Tennyson's team has visited our shores

THE SEATS.

It is now almost certain that the Pentangular Tournament will be staged on this ground It will be a matter of great pity if this is not done I am now reliably informed that all the Gymkhanas and the Bombay Cricket association have signed their contracts for the seats allotted to them by the Cricket Club of India, in the Stadium. The only exception is the Hindu Gymkhana who are still fighting for an increase in their share. It does not seem likely that their demand will be met, I do not know what steps Mr. L. R. Tairsee, its president, will take ultimately But I do hope that he will not do anything which will put his institution and his community in the wrong box.

From a business point of view, it will be hardly wise for any Gymkhana or Club to have more seats than they can sell. It must be remembered that the accommodation at the Stadium is three times more than what it was at the Azad Maidan. To expect such a large increase in the number of spectators at the same gate charges would be too optimistic a view to take. The rates are sure to fall all round Then the Gymkhanas would find it difficult to dispose of their seats. Wisest thing for everybody would therefore be to take the number of seats one want.

15,000 METRES RACE

The Bombay Presidency Olympic Association had their second event of this season staged on Sunday last. It was a 15,000 metres Road Race in which the Indian marathon runner, C.S.A. Swamy, took the first place. This is Swamy's second achievement of the season the first being the Cross-Country Race which he won about a fortnight ago. It appears that he has yet no challenger for long distance events in this Presidency. The man who ran home second, A Michael of the G. I. P was nearly two and a half minutes behind him. With a few more races of this type to tune him up he would be ready to meet all comers at the all-India meet which will be held at Calcutta in February next The B.P.O.A have now drawn up a comprehensive programme for this season with which I shall deal on Saturday next.

THOUSANDS BENEFIT after Taking this Famous Medicine

THE REASON

Innumerable complaints are due to blood impurities; Clarke's Blood Mixture removes the poison from the blood, increases resistance against disease, and restores health and vitality.

DON'T WAIT until blood impurities have ruined your health and lowered your vitality. Don't wait until they have damaged your heart and arteries—making you look older than your years.

Take Clarke's Blood Mixture now and avoid suffering.

RHEUMATISM is a BLOOD COMPLAINT also

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LEG ULCERS
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PIMPLES
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Listen. You are anxious to look smart in smart clothes. Of course, you want to be popular in company. But a shapeless figure will never let you. It is a drawback, and is spoiling your chances in life. My advice is dispose of adipose safely and quickly. Try Redusa*, the tablets that help the glands to function properly. They relieve you of 14 lbs. in a fortnight.

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City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Ashwin Sud 3, 1993
Muslim: Shaban 2, 1356
Parsi: Ardibehest 2, 1507
Hightide: 1-20; 13-06
Lowtide: 7-08; 19-05
Sunrise: 6h 31m
Sunset: 6h 24m
Municipal Corporation, 4-30 p.m.
S. S. "Kaisar-i-Hind" with mails from London of September 25, due at 4 p.m.

Friday, September 8.

Municipal Schools Committee, 4-10 p.m.

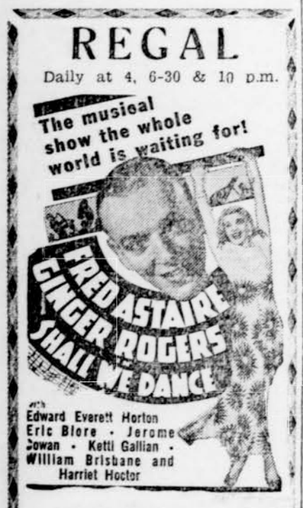
ANDHERI NAVRATRA FESTIVAL

Orchestra by Chaterji and Party will be played to-day between 9 p.m. to 11 p.m. at Sheth Madhavdas Amarshi High School, Ghodbunder Road, Andheri, when Mr. Jivanlal C. Mehta will preside.

SHOP-ASSISTANTS' CONFERENCE RECEPTION COMMITTEE

A meeting of the Reception Committee of the forthcoming Bombay Shop-Assistants' Conference will be held to-day (Thursday) at 8-30 p.m. at the office of the 'C' Ward Congress Committee, Chottalal Bhuvan, Kalbodevi Road, Bombay.

REGAL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.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SHALL WE DANCE
Edward Everett Horton
Eric Blore · Jerome Cowan · Ketti Gallian · William Brisbane and Harriet Hoctor

Free List Suspended.

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Daily at 4, 6-30, and 10 p. m.

THE MOST SPECTACULAR FILM OF ALL TIME!
ERROL FLYNN
OLIVIA De HAVILLAND
The CHARGE of the LIGHT BRIGADE
PATRIC KNOWLES · HENRY STEPHENSON · NIGEL BRUCE · Donald Crisp · David Niven · Robert Barrat
Directed by Michael Curtiz · A Warner Bros. Picture

Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
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THREE SHOWS DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Sing and be happy with
STANLEY LUPINO
LADDIE CLIFF
In a grand musical comedy
SPORTING LOVE
crammed with
SONGS, DANCES, GIRLS, COMEDY.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Charlie Chan at the Olympics" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Sporting Love" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Baulat" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Capt. Kirtikumar" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Sadhvi Mirabai" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Premveer" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Khan Bahadur" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Farewell Again" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Gangavataran" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PALACE—"The King and the Chorus Girl" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"The Charge of the Light Brigade" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Captains Courageous" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Shall We Dance" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Savitri" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
WEST END—"Anathashram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN SOUTH INDIAN SOCIETY

Under the auspices of the above Society, there will be a concert by Smti Chellammal to-day (Thursday) at 8-15 p.m. at the C. K. P. Hall, Khar.

BAI GANGUBAI VITHAL SAYANA CHARITABLE DISPENSARY

The total attendance during the month of September was 1493 out of whom 799 were males and 694 were females of all castes and creeds.

SARASWAT BRAHMAN SAMAJ

Mr. S. F. Patil will deliver a lecture in Samaj Hall (to-day) Thursday at 6-30 p.m. on conception of a full life, on the occasion of the Saraswati Utsav.

COW'S MILK HEALTH HOME

The opening ceremony of Cow's Milk Fountain and Health Home of Messrs. Mehra and Tambe will take place at Tulsi Bhuvan, Kalbadevi Road, at 6-45 p.m. to-day (Thursday), Mr. Gordhandas Goculdas Morarji will preside.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY

Dr. Irach J. Taraporewala will lecture in Gujarati at the Theosophical Society, Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "The Gathas".

ASTHIKA SAMAJ

In connection with the celebration of Navarathri Durga Pooja Brahmasree Rama Sastrigal of Palghat will conduct discourse at 8-45 p.m. to-day on "Vibhishanasharanagate" in the Samaj Hall.

MR. S. L. KARANDIKAR'S LECTURE

Under the auspices of the Young Men's Hindu Association and the Democratic Swaraj Party, Bombay Branch, Mr. S. L. Karandikar will deliver a lecture in the Association's Hall on "The Last Assembly Sessions" to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta will preside.

THE PALESTINE COMMITTEE BOMBAY

A meeting of the Palestine Committee will be held to-day (Thursday) at 9-30 a.m. in Committee's Hall at Memni Building, Duncan Road, (near Old Parsi Statue) Bombay 8.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION

Classes for ladies in English, Sewing, Music and other subjects are conducted in the hall of the Association, Vithalbhai Patel Road, on all week days between 2 and 4 p.m. Music class is conducted by Mrs. Radhabai Joshi of Gandharva Mahavidyalaya on Tuesdays and Thursdays between 5 and 6 p.m. and on Saturdays between 3 and 4 p.m. Fee charged is very moderate.

PROTEST AGAINST BATLIWALA'S ARREST

Under the auspices of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union, a public meeting will be held to-day (Thursday) at 5-30 p.m. at Fergusson Road, Pimpalacha Maidan, to protest against the arrest of Com. Batliwala. Mr. S. P. Bhise will preside and Messrs. Nimbkar, Parage, Pendse, Karnik, Randive and others will speak.

POET NANALAL AT VILE PARLE.

Under the auspices of Vile Parle Navaratri Mahotsava there will be a programme of Garbas by the girls of G. P. T. High School, speeches will be delivered by various speakers and Poet Nanalal on "Asia the Land of Prophets" (to-day) Thursday at 9-30 p.m. at Gandhi Chawk in Vile Parle.

KABI SAMMELAN.

Under the auspices of Sat-Rasta Hindi Pustakalaya Samiti, a public Hindi Kabi Sammelan will be inaugurated at Jacob Circle, Bombay on Thursday the 14th October, 1937 at 2 p.m (S.T.) the public and the local poets are cordially invited. The following will be the Samasayas:—

1 'Baithe Hain.'
2 'Kisan Hain'
3 'Dikhao.'

The President of the Sammelan and the place will be announced in due course of time.

A scene from "Tears of a Widow" drama to be staged by the Fort Seva Samaj on Friday. The proceeds of the drama will go to the "A" Ward Congress Committee for carrying on the constructive programme of the Congress

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

As the suburbs are increasing in popularity a greater need is being felt for modern amenities.

The need for over-bridges is a very urgent one and the controversy over the Vile Parle over-bridges, though it has calmed a bit, is not yet fully settled, there is a possibility of a bombshell bursting any moment.

The other long-standing trouble is about our well-known Mahim Causeway or the bottleneck bridge. To the suburbs this matter lies in the hands of the Bombay and the Bandra Municipality When the two Municipalities will arrive at a decision one really cannot say.

Now I understand a memorial praying for the construction of an overbridge at Dharavi Island was presented to the Governor of Bombay through the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Chief Minister of Bombay by the residents of Dharavi Island who for the last 35 years are striving hard to solve this problem.

This island is said to harbour some 15,000 people of various castes and creeds the majority of whom are Indian Christians. The income to Government from various sources is said to amount to over Rs. 1,00,000. This and many other factors should make Government consider the question of an overbridge for this would not only mean a boon to the residents of Dharavi Island, but will also make Dharavi as popular as Juhu. For Dharavi is gifted with rich and natural scenery which will be an ideal spot for picnickers and sightseekers.

ROBBERY IN BANDRA

Augustine Rego a grocer and Augustine Fernandes a Goan servant boy have been arrested by Sub-Inspector K. H. Honawar of the Bandra Police in connection with robberies in the house of Mr. Roshanlal a Banking Agent staying at Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Road, Bandra.

It appears that many robberies were committed at Mr. Roshanlal's house and the matter was reported to the police station.

Sub-Inspector Honawar on making inquiries learnt that Augustine Fernandes the servant boy of Mr. Roshanlal, through instigations of Augustine Rego committed the theft.

On a search being made many articles were recovered. The case will shortly be tried at the First Class City Magistrate's Court Bandra.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

TIMINGS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS

Trains.	Arr H.M	Dep H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30	17 50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15	20 55
Madras Express	10 10	15 0
Deccan Queen (on Mondays only)	10 30	
Deccan Queen (on Fridays only)		17 15
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 00	18 55
Nagpur Express	14 55	21 5
Poona Fast Passenger	17 0	11 50
Poona Express	19 24	8 15
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 0

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger train timing in force from October 1, 1937:—

Trains	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	22 05
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujerat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 50
Frontier Mail	8 15	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays at Ballard Pier	8 40	
Ahmedabad Passenger	13 35	13 50
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25
"The Flying Ranee" Mondays only from Surat	9 48	
"The Flying Ranee" daily except on Mondays	10 58	
"The Flying Ranee" Mondays only from Bulsar	9 15	
"The Flying Ranee" Saturdays only to Surat		15 10
"The Flying Ranee" Saturdays only to Bulsar		15 50
"The Flying Ranee" daily except Saturdays to Surat		10 05

WORLI YOUNG MEN'S ASSOCIATION.

In reply to a letter by the Secretary of the Worli Young Men's Association asking permission to hold a meeting of Worli tenants behind Chawl No. 17 on October 7, the Manager of the Development Department's Chawls has asked the Secretary to inform him what subject the Association want to discuss before any permission could be given. The Secretary fails to see whether this inquiry is relevant or legal.

DADAR NAVRATRA MAHOTSAVA

Under the auspices of the above Mahotsava Mr. D. N. Wandrekar, M.L.A. will deliver a puolic lecture on the subject of "Congress in the last Bombay Assembly Session" at the premises of Palan Sojpal, Building, Dadar at 9 p.m. to-day (Thursday).

After the lecture is over there will be variety entertainment programme by Mr. Chandrakant and others.

PROHIBITION MEETING AT KURLA.

Under the auspices of the above association a public meeting will be held (to-day) Thursday at 6 p.m. in the compound opp. the New Mill Kurla under the presidentship of Mr. Chunni Lal Barfiwala, Chairman, Local Dist. Suburban Board, Andheri.

Messrs. Ramnik Mehta, Vandreker, M.L.A. M. J. Bhatena, Khatsy Bhai, Abdul Hafiz Mistri, Tilok Singh and M. N. Patanker, will speak on prohibition. Mr. K. F. Nariman will preside.

ISMAILIA STUDENTS EDUCATION SOCIETY

A special meeting of the Managing Committee of the above Society, to condole the sad and untimely death of Mr. Rajabali C. Panwala, a member of the above Society, will be held to-day (Thursday) at 6-45 p.m. in the Hall of the Society at Ismail House, Nishanpada Road, Bombay.

CORPORATION'S LIFE EXTENDED

New Elections In Early 1939

As intimated in the "Chronicle" before, the Government of Bombay have extended the life of the Municipal Corporation by one year. The Secretary to the Government General Department, has sent the following letter to the Mayor which will be considered to-day at the meeting of the Municipal Corporation:—

I am directed to say that Government have under consideration a question of widening and readjusting the existing franchise of the Corporation and of revising its constitution in the near future with the object of placing it on a more democratic basis.

It is also proposed to readjust constituencies on the lines similar to those indicated in some of the private bills which were on the Agenda of the present Assembly and which have been considered by the Corporation. As it will be some time before the proposals in question take exact shape, Government desire that the life of the present Corporation should be extended by a year so that the next elections may be held early in 1939 under the revised constitution.

I am to forward a draft Bill providing for the proposed extension of the life of the Corporation and to request you to be so good as to favour Government with the views of the Corporation on the provisions of the Bill. Government will be glad if the Corporation treats this reference as an item of urgent business.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' CONFERENCE

Organising Secretary's Explanation

BOMBAY, October 6.

Mohd. Noman, the Organising Secretary of the All-India Muslim Students' Conference has issued the following statement to the Press:—

"For some time past propaganda is being carried on in some quarters that the present move to form a separate organisation of the Muslim students is due to the efforts of the Vice-Chancellor of the Aligarh University and the Government. I strongly repudiate the charge so ungenerously levelled against us and characterise the whole thing as a fabrication. Both the parties have nothing to do with our organisation. The Conference which is going to be held in Calcutta under the presidentship of Mr. M. A. Jinnah will convince the public about the concocted story. The ideals to be placed before the Muslim students are all based on progressive lines. I am confident that the public will patiently watch our activities and will not be led away by such sinister imputations."—A. P.

BOMBAY, Oct. 5.

It is understood that Mr. M. A. Jinnah has consented to preside over the All-India Muslim Students' Conference to be held at Calcutta on the 27th and 28th December, 1937.—A. P.

POSTAL NOTICES

Parcels for Germany direct per 'Weissenfels' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 2 p.m. to-day (Thursday) instead of as previously notified.

Registered and unregistered mails for Mauritius and Reunion per extra s.s. 'Van St. Aldegonde' via Madura Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Saturday the 9th October, 1937.

Parcels for Germany direct per s.s. 'Weissenfels' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 9 a.m. on Friday the 8th instant.

Mails for British and Portuguese East Africa Tanganyika Territory, Zanzibar, Union of South Africa, Lourenzo, Marques, Rhodesia and Nyasaland per s.s. 'Takliwa' will be accepted at the Bombay General Post Office as shown below:

Parcel mail upto 2 p.m. on Tuesday the 12th October 1937.

Registered and unregistered correspondence upto 12 noon on Wednesday, the 13th October 1937.

Registered and unregistered correspondence only for Mauritius, Reunion and Madagascar Ports, will also be accepted up to 12 noon on Wednesday the 13th October 1937 for despatch by the above steamer.

As the Fast Gun Mail steamer s.s. 'Varela' is now due to sail on 7-10-37 after the arrival of English mail steamer s.s. 'K. I. Emd' which is expected to arrive in Bombay on 7-10-37 at 2 p.m. the following will be the latest hour of posting of correspondence and parcels at the Bombay G. P. O. for the offices in Iraq, Iran and Persian Gulf.

Unregistered correspondence upto 1-30 p.m. on 7-10-37.

Registered correspondence upto 1 p.m. on 7-10-37.

Parcels correspondence upto 12 noon on 7-10-37.

The latest hour of posting in the Town Sub Offices will be notified by those offices, and it will be so regulated as to ensure the receipt of the postings in the Bombay G. P. O. in time to be included in the last despatch from that office.

PRESS AND ART CLUB

The opening ceremony of the New Premises of the Press and Art Club of India at Narandas Building, Ballard Estate will take place (to-day) Thursday, at 6-30 p.m. at which the Mayor of Bombay will preside.

Kalishanker Bajpai Anniversary

The Secretary of the Kalishanker Bajpai Memorial Committee, writes:—

The seventh anniversary of the late Pandit Kalishanker Bajpai will be observed on December 18.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The steamer Clan Line 'Alsire' left London on Saturday afternoon on October 2.

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WHITE HORSE
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Millions of gallons Matured and Maturing

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Dear Mary, What in the matter with me? I am in love with Bob, and he won't even look at me anymore!
SAY, "SIS," YOUR TEETH LOOK DULL, COVERED WITH FILM! START USING PEPSODENT TOOTH PASTE TODAY AND WATCH THEM IMPROVE!
WHY, MY TEETH DO LOOK CLEANER AND BRIGHTER AFTER USING PEPSODENT THIS WEEK! I WONDER IF BOB WILL NOTICE . . . .
DARLING—ALL AT ONCE I REALIZED THAT I WANTED TO SEE YOUR SWEET SMILE—ALWAYS . . . .

New! "SUPER-SOFT" HIGH-POLISH
PEPSODENT!

Pepsodent's exciting $200,000 tooth paste formula contains an utterly new type Super-Soft ingredient. It polishes teeth to a brilliant luster that can't be equaled the world over!

1. HIGH-POLISHES TEETH TO TWICE THE BRILLIANCE—SAFELY
So dazzling a luster does Pepsodent's new Tooth Paste restore to dull teeth, that you, too, will say it gives twice the polish!

2. MAKES TEETH LOOK CLEANER TWICE AS LONG—SAFELY
Teeth look whiter, feel cleaner, and film-free hours longer! What's more, it retards formation of tartar.

3. GIVES THIS SAFETY—BECAUSE TWICE AS SOFT
Tests prove Super-Soft Pepsodent twice as soft as polishing agents generally used. Hence it high-polishes teeth without danger to tooth enamel.

High-Polish Your Teeth—FREE This coupon entitles you to a Free generous supply of the new Super-Soft High-Polish Pepsodent Tooth Paste. Just mail to The ANGLO-SIAM CORPORATION Ltd. Mercantile Bank Building, Singapore, S. S.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1937

WARDHA CONFERENCE

The educational conference to be held at Wardha under the presidentship of Gandhiji has roused extraordinary interest among educationists all over the country. That is due mainly to the somewhat revolutionary principles of national education enunciated by Gandhiji himself and likely to be adopted more or less by all the Congress Governments. Those principles have been set forth in the latest issue of "Harijan" and reproduced in our columns on Tuesday. The essential ones are as follows: Primary education, extending over a period of 7 years or longer, and "covering all the subjectes up to the matriculation standard, except English, plus a vocation used as the vehicle for drawing out the minds of boys and girls in all departments of knowledge should take the place of what passes to-day under the name of Primary, Middle and High School Education. Such education, taken as a whole can and must be, self-supporting; in fact self-support is the acid test of its reality." "Higher education should be left to private enterprise and for meeting national requirements whether in the various industries, technical arts, belles-lettres or fine arts." But the scheme "does not absolve the State from running such seminaries as may be required for supplying State needs." Such seminaries will include, among others, institutions for the study of science, technology, medicine, commerce, law, engineering, and agriculture. It will be impossible to supply national needs by leaving such institutions to private enterprise. Few industrialists, for instance, would care to finance wholly scientific and technological institutions except a few with a limited scope for their own limited purposes, though general scientific and technical instruction on a wide scale is necessary for the advance of industries. We emphasize this point because we urgently need many technical schools and colleges in this country to develop our industries. Speaking generally, we feel that, while education should be made as cheap as possible without impairing efficiency, the State will have to incur considerably higher expenditure on various forms of education and that the funds for this purpose should be secured either through subsidies from the Central Government or through fresh taxation. Educationists may not be able to discuss this political aspect. But they should not start with the wrong assumption that somehow education must be made self-supporting. A higher ideal for them is that Education must be one of the first charges on the State.

Avoid Wrong Assumptions

As regards leaving higher education to private enterprise Gandhiji rightly concedes that this principle "does not absolve the State from running such seminaries as may be required for supplying State needs." Such seminaries will include, among others, institutions for the study of science, technology, medicine, commerce, law, engineering, and agriculture. It will be impossible to supply national needs by leaving such institutions to private enterprise. Few industrialists, for instance, would care to finance wholly scientific and technological institutions except a few with a limited scope for their own limited purposes, though general scientific and technical instruction on a wide scale is necessary for the advance of industries. We emphasize this point because we urgently need many technical schools and colleges in this country to develop our industries. Speaking generally, we feel that, while education should be made as cheap as possible without impairing efficiency, the State will have to incur considerably higher expenditure on various forms of education and that the funds for this purpose should be secured either through subsidies from the Central Government or through fresh taxation. Educationists may not be able to discuss this political aspect. But they should not start with the wrong assumption that somehow education must be made self-supporting. A higher ideal for them is that Education must be one of the first charges on the State.

"The Acid Test"

The scheme of primary education is on the very face of it revolutionary in its emphasis on self-support as "the acid test of its reality." It has raised high expectations in many and genuine fears in some. In so far as the scheme seeks to make manual and vocational training compulsory, few will venture to question its soundness either from the educational or the economic point of view. But when it is proposed to make the scheme self-supporting it raises several highly controversial issues. It may be assumed in this connection, as suggested by Gandhiji himself, that land, buildings and equipment are not intended to be covered by the proceeds of the pupil's labour, and that the State should undertake to buy the school manufactures at prices fixed by it. It is obvious that the tender pupils in the first four standards cannot possibly make any appreciable return for the expenditure on their education. If then the higher three standards must make the whole scheme self-supporting they have so to say, to bear a double burden and pay for their own education as also for that of the little ones in the lower classes. Will that leave time and energy to reach "the matriculation standard minus English"? It may be conceded that to master a craft or two and also to develop manual skill the pupils will need to spend about two hours daily over the manual vocation training. But that labour will not at all suffice to cover even half the expenditure on their own education, let alone making up the deficit in the lower classes. If the pupils are made to work much longer, it is clearly not for any educational advantage. It is to pay for the cost of education. Is it really necessary or desirable to exact that price from them? Is it not fairer for the State to pay it by taxing the taxable? We trust considerations like this will be duly discussed by the Wardha Conference.

President Roosevelt's Call To Action

President Roosevelt has at last broken his silence of several months with an unusually outspoken speech regarding the happenings in the Far East and Europe. He has drawn the pointed attention of the world to the fact that the peace, freedom and security of the 90 per cent. of the world's population are being jeopardized at present by the remaining 10 per cent. and that "without a declaration of war, and without warning and justification", civilians, including women and children, are being ruthlessly murdered from air, and innocent lives are being "cruelly sacrificed to the greed for power, devoid of all sense of justice and humanity". He also dwells on the fact that in modern conditions of international inter-dependence, no nation can isolate itself from the upheavals of the rest of the world. He urges peace-loving nations to make "a concerted effort" against those violating treaties and disregarding the liberties of others. All very noble and admirable sentiments, indeed! But, having regard to the attitude of the United States Government during the past two decades, and of President's own administration recently, towards the affairs of the world outside America, is not one entitled to ask whether the present pronouncement of the head of the American Government means anything beyond mere sound and fury? American statesmen, especially the President, are in the habit of uttering from time to time very lofty and very high-sounding platitudes about freedom, rights of nations, need for international peace and co-operation, sanctity of international treaties and so on. But they have ended mostly with the utterance. Positive action in the direction suggested, there has been very little.

Take President Roosevelt's present pronouncement itself. He recognises the havoc which the criminal greed for power of certain Nations is spreading all over the world and he feels the need for concerted action on the part of peaceful nations, since isolation for any of them is both impossible and harmful. But, has not the United States been pursuing an isolationist policy all this while in utter disregard of the necessities of the world situation? It has severely boycotted the League of Nations from its very start, declaring that Europe's quarrels are not her concern. It refused to move its finger when Japan unscrupulously attacked China five years ago and gobbled Manchukuo. She looked on unmoved throughout the Italian aggression in Ethiopia. The conflagration in Spain is no concern of hers. After this revealing record of utter indifference to the upheavals in the world outside the American continent does it not sound like blatant hypocrisy for Mr. Roosevelt now to come forward and preach to the world the urgent need for abandoning the policy of national isolation and for "concerted effort", on the part of peace-loving Nations, against those violating treaties? One would like to know from President Roosevelt why the pathetic cry of the Negus to save his Nation from the brutal aggression of Italy was wholly unheeded by the United States Government, even when the Emperor of Ethiopia drew the pointed attention of the latter to the fact that Italy was a signatory to the Kellogg Pact? By conniving at the violation of that Pact—for we do not remember that Mr. Roosevelt's Government had lodged any serious protest against such violation—has not his Government directly contributed to the virtual nullification of that Pact? If President Roosevelt and his Government are really sincere in their professions, they should set an example to other nations by a courageous positive lead in the direction of peace, by calling to account violators of the sanctity of treaties and of the laws of humanity—and not merely utter high-sounding platitudes from a far off distance.

MEDICAL SERVICE

Need For Effective Indianisation

(CONTRIBUTED)

The advent of the Congress Ministry at the helm of affairs in the Bombay Government has been hailed as the harbinger of the Indianisation of the Medical Service in the Presidency.

The President of the Bombay Medical Council, speaking at the dinner given in honour of the Minister of Health by the Association, said that for over fifty years the Council had been fighting for Indianisation of the service and their most formidable opponents were the British personnel of the Indian Medical Service. He made an impassioned plea to resist the Secretary of State for India's subtle move to take away even the teaching of their students from the hands of the independent medical profession which had hitherto won laurels in the field of teaching and training medical students.

Reactionary Efforts.

It is stated that the memorandum issued by the Secretary of State for India makes provision for an increase of the British personnel in the I. M. S. from 13 to 15, while it aims at reducing the Indian Officers from 12 to 5.

Dr. S. K. Vaidya laid stress on the fact that the independent medical profession would no longer tolerate the perpetuation of the British element in their ranks and urged the necessity of safeguarding the teaching posts, especially in the group of the J. J. Hospitals and reserving them to the Indian medical profession. It is stated that radical changes are now about to be effected and the victims are not the British element in the I.M.S. but the Indian officers who have faithfully and diligently discharged their duties, vindicating their capacity to fill the appointments held by them with credit to the Service and lasting benefit to the public.

Ten of the Indian officers now on the panel of the I.M.S. out of the strength of twelve are by reason of the terms of their service assured of being retained, while two of them are, it is proposed, to be shortly eliminated.

Displacing Indians.

The curious factor is that the officers in question are not surplus officers to the service, but are in all probability making way for the increase in the personnel of the British officers. Take, for example, the Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay. This Indian officer was specially requisitioned by Government from military service for specific duties.

This Indian officer was specially requisitioned by Government from Military service for specific duties. It is common knowledge that Sir Shah Nawaz Bhutto, the then Minister of Health was in need of an officer who was an efficient organiser with proved administrative experience and ability and above all an officer capable of enforcing discipline in the various services of the Medical department. The selection of an officer who fulfilled such qualifications was no easy matter and it is gratifying that the choice should have fallen on an Indian officer and that particularly on Major A. N. Chopra.

Major Chopra's Claims.

Major Chopra assumed control of the office of the Personal Assistant to the Surgeon General 23 months ago, and repeated references have been made to the success achieved by him and the valuable assistance rendered by him to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay. To him goes the credit of having rooted out ruthlessly the many vagaries which existed in regard to transfers in the Medical Service and to-day the Medical Officers stand an equal chance with all others of reaching the top ladder or of increasing and expanding their experience in fields which hitherto were the preserves of a favoured few.

For over fifty years, Dr. Vaidya stated, the Medical Union had been fighting for Indianisa-

(Continued on page 7 Col 3)

INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATION

Review Of Recent Attempts

By
Prof. K. R. R. Sastry
M.A., M.L., Reader,
Allahabad University

After the out-break of the Great War and its colossal losses of men and materials, there was an eager longing for an era of peace. As Viscount Grey said "The League of Nations must be formed at the Peace Conference. If it is delayed beyond that, its chance of ever being formed is prejudiced." The League Covenant is a solemn agreement between sovereign states which consent to limit the complete freedom of action, on certain points for the greater good of themselves and the world at large. There has never before been a permanent organization like the League Secretariat or even definite machinery for international action like that of the League Council and Assembly assisted by the auxiliary organizations of a Permanent Court of International Justice and an International Labour Organization. In the last organization the experiment is tried of functional representation.

A "Bankrupt" Theory

In all constructive attempts at improving international law, the theory of State Sovereignty is being increasingly declared "bankrupt." Prof. Laski substantiates this by reference to recent developments:—

(I) A number of nation-states have developed whose wills "are limited by the acceptance of international servitudes." The significance of the minority treaties in this view is outstanding.

(II) The obligations of the members of the League of Nations under the Covenant.

(III) The Statute of the International Court and the wide acceptance of the optional clause.

As Prof. Laski puts it, "We have lived through three centuries of international anarchy; the time has come to move to the plane of international organization."

The opposition to world government is observable in the lack of an intense world patriotism. Further the "love of freedom and independence in the States still blocks the road of federation." India which is in the throes of a struggle to become free cares little for a world government. The unequal stages of national development" are also thus impediments in the way.

3339 Treaties!

Between May 1, 1920, and February 1, 1934, 3,339 treaties or engagements have been registered with the League Secretariat. As Prof. M. O. Hudson puts it, "nothing seems to be more startling than the enormous growth in the volume of international legislation" in an article contributed to the 19 "Iowa Law Review" (1934, p. 178). Dr Arnold Mcnair has directed attention to certain elementary dangers latent in the term "International Legislation." In support of this view he urges that 'the essence of legislation is that it binds all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the body legislating whether they assent to it or not" Prof. M. O. Hudson comments on this that "even if one can make a term mean what he wants it to mean, there seems to be no reason for our crippling ourselves with such a limitation, and it is not borne out by the history of national legislation in England and America."

Whatever be the technically correct term to apply to these bipartite agreements, "the living law of nations to-day, the law by which many people throughout the world must chart their daily course, is very largely the law of the International Statute book, i.e., the law to be found in multipartite international treaties and conventions." This legislative activity has been, according to Prof. M. O. Hudson, "greatly facilitated, indeed, it has in large measure been made possible, by the progress made in the international organization."

Fundamental Question

The fundamental question yet remains to be faced.—"Can international anarchy be replaced by international government without the use of the coercion which the policeman has so long represented in all other forms of government?

The alternative is a research into the "machinery of sanctions" or the machinery for informing public opinion as to the merits of the dispute and for concentrating the force of that opinion in some effective manner upon the wrong doing state."

Have "institutions appropriate to an adequate enforcement of the law" been yet discovered? The Committee of the Danish Peace Society express their opinion after a full examination of the problem of international sanctions that "militarism and the policy of armaments have been powerless to ensure peace. *Common international interests* (italics mine) which assume from year to year an ever greater importance, will be the best safeguard to assure the reign of peace and of law."

Principles Deduced

Two principles are deduced by Dr. Odon Makal (Hungary) after an exhaustive juridical examination of the problem of an international executive vis-a-vis the Sovereignty of the State:—

(a) From the point of view of international law, "a subject of

(Continued on page 9 Col 4)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

MORE "EXPERTS" STILL!

The Central Assembly rightly censured the Government of India for perpetrating once again what must appear as an act of pure favouritism, namely, the appointment of a Mr. S. P. Chambers as Income-Tax Commissioner on a salary of Rs. 2,500 to Rs. 3000 monthly for a period of five years, without giving the Assembly or the public any previous inkling of the fact. This gentleman appears to have been drawing only £400 per annum in England, but India is still the land of the pagoda tree—at least in the eyes of the official hierarchy at Whitehall and Simla—and he must be allowed a share in its loot. The Finance Member, who evidently arranged the deal during his recent sojourn to England, appeared, when the disclosure was made in the Assembly by Mr. Shamlal, more concerned how the news of the appointment which had been kept secret leaked out than about the propriety of such appointment. Such is, of course, the utter disregard for public feeling about public affairs which prevails in official quarters. Similar disregard is to be noticed also in connection with the appointment of an "Economic Adviser" to the Government, which is being conferred on a London professor. These appointments cast an unmerited slur on India, inasmuch as they totally overlook the claims of competent Indians, besides entailing reckless waste of Indian moneys.

INDIA AND AMERICA.

Rev. Frederick Wilmot, who has come to India on a mission of interpretation, paid a very graceful tribute to this country in the lecture he delivered at the Blavatsky Lodge on Tuesday. He stressed the necessity of spiritual food, as much as material comforts, for humanity, if not more, and observed that that was exactly the lesson India had to teach the West. Rev. Wilmot assured his audience of America's sympathy for, and interest in, India's struggle for self-realization and independence. The long association of our visitor with the Ramkrishna Mission has given him the requisite insight into the various problems of India, and will help him to avoid the many pitfalls into which American newspaper correspondents, who come to "cover" this country, often, consciously or unconsciously, slip.

RAILWAY SALOONS.

The figures, which Mr. Dinkar Desai gives, of the expenditure incurred by Indian Railways in providing saloons for its high officials when travelling, throw a flood of light on the extravagance of these Railways where their own high-paid officials are concerned. As Mr. Desai points out, these railways are jointly spending something like a crore and thirty-six lakhs of rupees over these saloons—which works out at about seven thousand rupees per annum per head of their gazetted officers, who number 1856. Let it be remembered that every one of these officers is highly paid. Compare this extravagance with the policy of ruthless retrenchment of the extremely low paid mechanical, clerical, and other staff which the Railways have been pursuing during recent years. It would appear as if these retrenchments are carried out for the one and only reason of pampering to the comforts and luxuries of the highly paid officers. It is time that such a topsy-turvy and ruinous system was completely overhauled.

CALCUTTA CORPORATION'S LEAD.

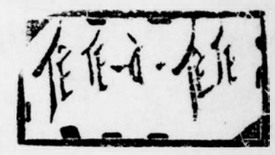
The Calcutta Municipal Corporation deserves to be congratulated on its decision to purchase such part of the undertakings of the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation as lie within the municipal limits of the city and appoint an agent to supply electricity at the rate of one anna per unit for lights and fans. Nationalisation or municipalisation of utility services is now a well recognised reform for which there is vast scope and need in India. It ensures cheap and efficient service in the interests of the public as it eliminates capitalist profiteering. If the service yields profit it helps to reduce taxation. At a time when Governments and municipalities are hard put to it to finance essential reforms the nationalisation of utility services is an invaluable aid. We trust the Calcutta Corporation's decision will receive the necessary sanction of the local Government and its example will be followed by many other local bodies in India. The Bombay Municipal Corporation cannot afford to lag far behind Calcutta in this matter.

NO FURTHER DELAY.

It is much to be hoped that the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee's scheme of extending compulsory primary education to the B. and E. Wards in the city with effect from October 1938 will be promptly accepted by the Corporation and Government. Schemes on this subject have been made and unmade *ad nauseam* for over a decade. To put off the present extremely modest scheme would be most discreditable to a city which claims to be the first in the country. It is indeed time compulsory education was extended to all the Wards in the city. The plea that the Congress Cabinet is over-hauling the whole system of education cannot excuse any procrastination in extending a long and well-tried reform. If the Bombay Cabinet suggests definite reforms in primary education in cities, they should of course be duly considered by the Corporation. But it is wrong to shirk a simple duty with the excuse that some time something better may be done.

CONGRESS SESSION DURING EASTER

There is a good deal to commend Mr. Satyamurti's suggestion that the next session of the Indian National Congress should be held during the Easter Holidays, instead of in the middle of February, as the most of the legislatures will be in session about the latter time. Not only non-official Congress members of the legislatures but also the Ministers and their Secretaries should be under no restraint in attending the forthcoming session of the Congress, since the session is bound to be of the utmost importance to all Congressmen. Important issues like the Federation will come before the session. If the Assemblies are in session at the time, a good many of the Congress Ministers and M.L.A.'s may find it inconvenient to attend the Congress session. At Easter time, it will be possible for even Ministers to attend the session.



WITHOUT COMMENT

"Forty-four weeks had elapsed since the military operations had begun owing to the provoked aggression of the tribesmen on November 25, 1936, said Mr. Ogilvie in answer to Mr. S. Satyamurti.

Mr. Ogilvie added that since that date and up to the end of September last, an additional financial expenditure in the neighbourhood of Rs. 140,00,000 had been incurred."

—Assembly proceedings.

* * *

An American journalist, addressing an Indian audience, observed that "spiritual food is an absolute necessity" of life.

The starving beggars of India are invited to console themselves with this idea.

* * *

India and the United States of America, said the speaker, are facing the same problem to-day—Godlessness.

That may be true of America but as for India there are many who believe the greater problem is not Godlessness but foodlessness.

By that, of course, we do not mean the dearth of *spiritual* food—which we get in plenty, both indigenous and imported!

* * *

"To talk of non-communal cricket", according to Mr. L. R. Tairsee, "is to talk about the man in the moon."

To talk about communal cricket, of course, is to talk about Mr. Tairsee.

* * *

"All the gymkhanas are communal", he adds, "and we cannot get over the fact".

We may not agree with Mr. Tairsee's communal point of view but we certainly like this frank confession of innate weakness.

* * *

Il Duce has cabled to General Franco his "fervent wishes for the complete triumph" of the latter's cause.

This should inspire Anglo-French diplomats to greater effort in the task of bringing Italy into the Non-Intervention scheme—if the scheme still exists.

* * *

General Franco has replied conveying to Il Duce than on behalf of "all good Spaniards".

Which, of course, means all good Nazi, Fascist and Moorish mercenaries now fighting the nationalists cause in Spain!

* * *

The Unionist Party Premier of Punjab, Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan, is expected to lead the Punjab contingent of delegates to the forthcoming session of the Muslim League.

To emphasize the alliance between Landlord-ism and the League?

* * *

Dilemma Of Man With Two Wives

—Headline.

To be or not to be? That is the question.

* * *

A local paper advises our civic authorities to advertise Bombay's cold weather attractions to draw the upcountry folk.

A sound idea, no doubt.

But it would be advisable not to give too much publicity to such diverse local attractions as—

(1) Waterless taps,

(2) "Kachra" thrown on you by diligent housewives on the top floors while you pass under their building,

(3) Garrulous gharrywallas,

(4) Slums where the local workers live.

* * *

What Is Pure Ghee In Bombay? asks a headline.

Non-existent.

* * *

"I never see your name in the papers", remarked a voter to the Assembly member for the division. "Don't you ever make a speech?"

"Certainly", replied the legislator. "Look here. Here is a full report of the Prime Minister's speech, and at the end you will notice in brackets the word "murmurs". Well—'I was the man who murmured.'

American Move Against Gang Of Aggressors

"ISOLATE THEM FROM WORLD COMMERCE"

Roosevelt's Speech Said To Be Full Of Deep Significance

WASHINGTON: October 6.

USUALLY WELL-INFORMED QUARTERS BELIEVE THAT PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S SPEECH IS ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT HE HAS EVER DELIVERED ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

There is much speculation as to whether the United States is contemplating some move designed to prevent the spread of the Sino-Japanese and Spanish conflicts.

Some Observers opine that the speech indicated some future effort in the direction of isolating all aggressors from world commerce.

The speech is generally taken to indicate that President Roosevelt is exploring every field in quest of peace and it might be regarded as calculated to lend unqualified moral support of the United States Government to any concerted effort to restore world peace.

Few think that the United States will be prepared to take the initiative, but it is felt that the speech is meant to encourage the League of Nations to proceed with more stern and more practical measures against aggressors which would receive the full support of the United States.—Reuter.

BRITISH PRESS COMMENTS

Roosevelt's "Quarantine" Remark

LONDON, October 6.

President Roosevelt's speech has been given prominence in the Press, particularly the President's remark that peace-loving countries should "quarantine" the countries which are spreading the disease of international anarchy.

The "Daily Herald" interprets the speech as indicating that President Roosevelt is in no mood to reject out of hand any proposal for united pressure on Japan. It says that if Whitehall would put up some definite proposition to Washington, there would be a real chance of effective action.

Other newspapers do not regard the speech as indicating a reversal of the American policy. The "Times" which takes this view, concludes that those who make appeasement impossible by refusing the way of conciliation and by making their own strength the sole measure of their action, are threatening, not only their neighbours, but as President Roosevelt said, civilisation itself. His warning to them is that such a threat must encounter in the end not only the united condemnation, but the united resistance of all civilised nations, and a development of force that will not be ineffective.—Reuter's Special.

PARIS WELCOMES ROOSEVELT'S SPEECH

PARIS, Oct. 6.

The press generally welcomes Mr. Roosevelt's speech, describing it as a powerful contribution to peace.

"Le Jour" says that this is a solemn warning to Powers who seek to disturb peace.

"Le Poque" says that President Roosevelt declared that the United States had been following a wrong trail, and if they wish to escape war, they must participate in collective peace.

"L'Petit Parisien" declares that the speech may serve as a warning that the United States are siding indisputably with the integrity of the menaced Powers in the Pacific.—Reuter.

British Cabinet Discusses Roosevelt's Chicago Speech

LONDON, Oct. 6.

The Cabinet has decided to adopt the arrangements regarding the reassembling of Parliament.

Mr. Roosevelt's speech at Chicago yesterday, denouncing aggressor nations, was a subject of attention.

The Prime Minister is likely to refer to the speech at Scarborough on October.—Reuter.

TALUKA BOARD PRESIDENT JAILED

HUBLI, Oct. 5.

Venkanna Gowda Patil, President of the Ron Taluk Local Board has been sentenced to a fine of Rs. 200 and 9 months' imprisonment, by the Mamlatdar, for misappropriation of the Board's moneys while holding the office of President.—A. P.

BOMBAY CABINET

Meeting Considers How To Effect Cut In Official Allowances

POONA, October 6.

For the first time after his assumption of Governorship, H.E. Sir Roger Lumley presided over a Cabinet meeting to-day, which was attended by all the Ministers.

It is understood that many important questions concerning the Government's policy in connection with the educational reform, Prohibition and Labour were discussed.

Another important question considered at the meeting was, it is understood, the method of effecting cuts in official allowances sanctioned in the Budget.—A.P.

FARM COLONY AT VISAPUR?

Munshi To Visit Jail On Friday

POONA, October 6.

The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, Minister for Law and Order, will visit the Visapur Jail on October 8. He will be accompanied by the Inspector-General of Prisons.

It will be recalled in this connection that Government have decided to start a farm colony at Visapur.—A.P.

TEACHERS WAIT ON PREMIER

POONA, October 6.

The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier, received this afternoon a deputation of the Poona School Board and Primary Teachers' Association, Poona.—United Press.

RAIN RENDERS LINES UNSAFE

Transhipment On E. I. Railway

DINAPORE, Oct. 6.

The Divisional Superintendent, E. I. Railway, wires:—

"Due to heavy rains the Up and Down lines between miles 242 and 243 between Jamooee and Gidhaur on the main line are declared unsafe. The passengers from 22 Down were transhipped into 25 Up at the site The passengers from 26 Down will also be transhipped into 15 Up at the site. 21 Up will be terminated at Jhajha and will run as duplicate 12 Down from there.

"The following trains are being diverted via the Grand Chord and the Patna-Gaya section :—

17 Up, 16 Down 20 Down, 6 Down 5 Up and 19 Up

"11 Up and 12 Down will be run via Sahebganj loop Through running is expected to be resumed in about 25 hours time."

Famous Violinist Among Injured

PALEMBANG, Oct. 6.

The famous violinist Bronislaw Huberman was a passenger on the crashed air liner. He was returning from a professional tour of Australia. He sustained scratches, and is suffering from the shock.—Reuter.

MUSSOLINI'S CABLE TO FRANCO

Anniversary Of "Appointment Of Spanish Dictator As Head Of State"

ROME, Oct. 5.

It is officially announced that, on the occasion of the first anniversary of General Franco's appointment as the head of the Spanish Nationalist Government, Signor Mussolini has cabled General Franco his warmest congratulations for the results attained and "Fervent wishes for the complete triumph of the Spanish national cause so ably personified by you."

General Franco has replied expressing "the extraordinary satisfaction felt by all good Spaniards at the immense triumph of Signor Mussolini's journey to Germany."—Reuter.

BERLIN REACTION

BERLIN, October 6.

Official reaction to President Roosevelt's speech is contained in "Diplomatische Korrespondenz," which says that if a statesman of President Roosevelt's calibre thus apostrophises all the peoples, his duty is not only to see the outward symptoms, but investigate into and discover the whereabouts of harmful thoughts and their origin. As far as Europe is concerned, he should pick up the threads where Mr. Roosevelt dropped them. If the President sees salvation in the formation of a union of all peaceful nations, such a proposal is only of practical value, if it is preceded by a clear definition of what is evil and what is good.—Reuter.

SOCIETY FOR PROTECTION OF CHILDREN

Mr. Bhagwat's Talk On "Protectors Of The Unprotected"

The fifth of the series of Radio Talks dealing with the Society for the Protection of Children in Western India will be given by Prof. N. K Bhagwat at 9-25 a.m. to-day, (Thursday), the subject being. "The Protectors of the Unprotected" The original language of the talk is Marathi.

MEDICAL SERVICE

(Continued from page 6)

tion of ther service and to-day an Indian officer displaying the zeal and experience of a full-fledged officer, fully vindicating the right of Indians to hold administrative appointments is to be sacrificed to satisfy the whims and fancies of the Secretary of State for India who is out to perpetuate the British element in the Service.

The other instance is that of Col. Jelal Shah, whose proved ability and extraordinary skill and knowledge have been of inestimable value to the J. J. Hospital and school. This officer is also, it is understood, likely to be superseded in accordance with the new scheme. It was rightly stated in the "Bombay Chronicle" that his place could not be filled without causing a distinct loss to the special branch in which he now serves and moreover will deprive the students of his vast and varied experience in the veneral section of the Hospital.

Congress Cabinet's Duty.

It would be a thousand pities if at the very outset of the Congress Ministry's regime the hopes held out by the Bombay Medical Union of achieving what they had been fighting for for fifty years and more,—Indianisation of the Service—were to be dashed to the ground by the removal or transfer of such efficient Indian Officers

There is also considerable resentment felt that no efforts are being made to remove the British element from the teaching posts. Mr. K. F. Nariman from the floor of the Legislative Assembly characterised the despatch of the Secretary of State for India as most "humiliating," "insulting" and "impertinent" and requested the Minister for Health, the Hon. Dr. D. D. Gilder, to make a strong representation to the Government of India in regard to the terms set out in the despatch. The Minister for Health gave an assurance that he would do so. It would be, therefore, in the fitness of things if the removal of officers whose fitness to serve in the offices they have hitherto held have been amply proved and [illegible] is either suspended or postponed, if not abandoned.

MADRAS.—The Bill for the abolition of nominations to District Boards passed by both the Houses of the Madras Legislature has received the assent of His Excellency the Governor. The Act will be brought into effect from to-day.

Rao Bahadur Dr. J. S. Kerurkar the popular Executive Health Officer of the Bombay City Municipality, who has just gone on furlough preparatory to retirement after a service of 35 years. During his regime effective measures were taken for the prevention of manufacture and sale of adulterated foodstuffs, especially butter and ghee.

Shock To Civilised World

Lord Mayor Of London Organises Relief To Chinese

LONDON, Oct. 5.

A crowd numbering many thousands thronged the Albert Hall when the Archbishop of Canterbury, despite protests from the Japanese Anglican Church in Tokio, presided over a public meeting to protest against the Japanese aggression in China.

The Archbishop said that the object of the meeting was to protest against the indiscriminate killing and maiming of non-combatants which marked the distressing warfare in China and which shocked the whole of the civilised world.

He added: We make our appeal to the Government and people of Japan to restrain the action of their naval and military commanders in China and thus vindicate their place among the civilised nations.

With the approval of the Government the Lord Mayor of London is organising a fund for the relief of the Chinese.—Reuter.

SEMI-PERMANENT OCCUPATION

Japan To Put Up A Semi-Independent State

TOKIO Oct. 6.

The newspapers indicate that Japan's reply to the League may be the establishment of a "long-desired" autonomous region in North China The "Asahi Shimbun" says that if China refuses to co-operate with Japan and decides on a protracted war Japan must continue to occupy strategic points in North China semi-permanently, so that the new regime in North China might assume the character of a semi-independent state.—Reuter.

"Cape Town" Leaves For Canton

HANKOW, Oct. 6.

All possible precautions against an air attack were taken when 250 naval ratings of the Cruiser "Cape Town" left for Canton en route' to Hongkong where they will embark for England Three large Union Jacks were prominently displayed on the specially chartered train. The "Cape Town" remains in Hankow until the Yangtse is open for navigation.—Reuter.

Chinese Prepare For Determined Defence

TOKIO. Oct 5.

The Japanese war front in North China extending over the provinces of Chahar, Suiyuan, Shansi, Hopei, and Shantung, is now over 1,250 miles in length.

Having lost important key positions in these provinces, the Chinese appear to be preparing for a big stand on a strongly established line from Taiyuanfu in Shansi to Chihchiachwang Railway junction on the Peiping-Hankow Railway, to which place Chinese reinforcements are being rushed up from Konan

It is claimed that all Chinese troops have now been cleared from Tehchow and that the Japanese have already pushed on five miles to the south.—Reuter.

London—

At Blackpool in soccer match, Football League beat Irish League by 3 goals to nil.

SATYAMURTI'S ADJOURNMENT

On Appointment Of Non-Indian Economic Adviser

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, October 6.

Mr. S. Satyamurti has given notice of an adjournment motion in the Assembly to discuss the appointment of a non-Indian as Economic Adviser to Government of India.

ASSEMBLY TO MEET ON FRIDAY?

Sir J. Grigg's Announcement

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, October 6.

Before the House adjourned today Sir James Grigg in the absence of Sir N. N. Sircar, Leader of the House, who has left Simla, announced that Government proposed to ask the President to hold a sitting of the Assembly tomorrow only if the House by tomorrow evening passed all business on the Order Paper up to the resolution regarding the Railway Depreciation Fund. If that resolution was not passed tomorrow then Government would ask the House to meet on Friday also. If the House insisted on disposing of all the remaining outstanding business, such as discussion of the Wedgwood Report, then it would be necessary to request the Chair to hold a meeting on Friday also.

PATNA: It is understood that Maharajadhiraj Sir Kameshwar Singh has made a further donation of Rs. 50,000/- to the Behar Landholders Association. He donated Rs. 10,000/- to the Association last month.

Indo-British Trade Negotiation

Indian Delegation Returning Home

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON: October 6.

Mr. Kasturbhai and Mr. Birla left London yesterday; Sir Purshottamdas is leaving for India to-morrow; other members of the Indian Delegation for Trade Talks are leaving in the next few days by air. Sir Zaffrulla is expected to leave before the 15th

Trade talks have now reached a definite stage in that non-official advisers have I understand recommended to the Government of India their final suggestions

SEND-OFF

Non-official advisers were entertained by representatives of the Board of Trade and the Lancashire delegates to dinner last Friday and I am told speeches on the occasion were quite informing though nobody is prepared to discuss the same.

It is reported the advisers are unanimous except in a couple of small details which don't matter at the present stage. The inference that the talks have broken down would of course be misleading.

PROSPECTS OF PACT

It is no doubt likely that the Board of Trade after fuller consideration may fall in line with our advisers' recommendations Although Sir Purshottamdas is unwilling to give interviews now I believe he may make a statement on the subject after his arrival in Bombay on the 19th.

The general impression is that non-officials have been able to justify their recommendations both before the public and the Government of India and if Britain cannot arrive at an agreement on the lines suggested by our advisers any voluntary agreement between the two countries in the future will be difficult if not impossible.

PROSPECTS OF INDO-BRITISH TRADE PACT

LONDON, October 6.

Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, Mr. Birla and Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai have left for India via Venice.

The suggestion that the departure of the Non-Official Advisers of the Indian Trade Delegation indicates a difference in views between the non-official and official wings is deprecated here. It is pointed out that the non-official members had booked their passages at the beginning of September.

Sir Mohd. Zafrullah Khan is remaining.

It is expected that the talks will satisfactorily conclude at the end of October.

"We are confident of achieving results which should prove of mutual benefit to India and Britain", said an influential member of the Indian Delegation.—Reuter.

GRIGG CREATES BREEZE IN ASSEMBLY

(Continued From Page 1)

therefore "ultra vires" of the House

Mr. G. H. Spence submitted that this point had been considered by the Chair, and was covered by a ruling given on the previous point of order.

NOT COVERED BY RULING

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and others declared with considerable heat that the point was not covered by the ruling.

Mr. A. C. Datta, Deputy President who was in the Chair said that his impression of the ruling was also similar, but in order that there might be no doubts, he read to the House portions of the official report of the ruling, and pointed out that it contained nothing to suggest that a ruling had been given on the point raised by Mr. Bhulabhai Desai.

Mr. Spence pointed out that the President had referred to the point, when he had said he did not consider it necessary to decide whether the Bill amounted to modifying rights over a land situated in Provinces.

The Deputy President, however, ruled that the previous ruling did not cover the present point of order, which should, therefore, be considered by the House.

GOVT'S CONTENTION

Mr. Spence, thereupon, submitted that the House did have power to legislate in the matter because the Act specifically provided that the Central Legislature could legislate in matters pertaining to His Majesty's military forces.

Sir Abdur Rahim took the Chair at this stage, and Mr. Bhulabhai suggested that himself and Mr. Spence should place their cases before the President again.

The President agreed to the suggestion, and Mr. Bhulabhai explained his point of order once more, and added that two ways were open to the Government to deal with the Bill, namely, split it into two, first regarding field manoeuvres, and the other regarding land. He concluded at 4 p.m. when the House took up Lala Shamlal's adjournment motion.

WHY DUMP EUROPEANS ON INDIA?

At 4 p.m. Mr. Shamlal moved an adjournment of the House to censure the Government for having appointed Mr. S. F Chambers one of the two members of the recent Incometax Enquiry Committee as Chief Commissioner of Incometax on a salary of Rs. 2,500. Mr. Chambers was at present getting in England only £400 i.e., about Rs. 500 per month and the mover asked what justification there was in appointing him on such a high salary. Quoting the duties of the officer mentioned in the Incometax Report, the speaker emphasised that several officers were available in India to perform such duties, which were in no way of a technical character. The fact that the finances of eleven Indian Provinces were now administered by Indian Ministers drawing much lower salaries was itself a good reason to believe that a suitable officer was available in India. He made an emphatic protest against the 'exploitation of India" in such a manner, and the dumping of Europeans at every conceivable opportunity

GRIGG-SATYAMURTI TUSSLE.

Sir James Grigg intervened in the debate and was constantly interrupted. The Chair had to warn members several times not to interrupt. Sir James Grigg said that one of the disadvantages of dealing with the motion was that it was based on information which was not quite accurate.

An Hon. Member: It is a newspaper report

Sir James Grigg:—Newspapers lie

Mr. Satyamurti:—Government also lie.

The President:—The Hon'ble member ought not to use that expression and must withdraw it.

Mr. Satyamurti:—Hon. the Finance Member first used the word "lie." If he withdraws it, I will.

When he was making these remarks, several members on Government benches shouted 'Order, order' and 'Sit down,' which was greeted by counter shouts from Congress benches.

Sir James Grigg said: I will substitute the words "newspapers lie" by the words: 'They sometimes make mistakes."

Mr Satyamurti: I will modify my remarks, and will say that the Government also sometimes make mistakes (laughter)

SIR JAMES' APOLOGIA

Sir James, resuming, said that the information, on which the action was based was not accurate, and it was wrong in two respects; firstly, the Government had not yet accepted the recommendation of the Committee in respect of appointing the Chief Commissioner of Incometax and what they were appointing at present was an Advisor to the Central Board of Revenue and his duties would be quite different from those mentioned by the mover.

There were some interruptions and the Finance Member said: "I propose to be studiously moderate (Opposition voices:—Ho, ho)

Continuing the Finance Member explained that the Government were, as the House already knew engaged in the task of overhauling the Incometax machinery both as regards law and as regards administration. Their objects were to make the law fairer, as between a taxpayer and a taxpayer and as between the poorer and the rich and diminish as far as possible the opportunity for illegal evasion, which now existed. The second object was to increase the yield of Incometax. He hoped that their efforts would result in a considerable yield, so that they might be able to allot to Provinces substantial grants, as recommended by the Niemeyer Award.

CHAMPION OF CHAMBERS.

Sir James said that the Government had discovered, after an exhaustive review of the field of appointment in India, that they could not discover in India an officer with the requisite qualification. If there had been such an officer, he would have been appointed (Several voices: Question, question)

Incidentally, said the Finance Member, the officer to be appointed had added experience of the Indian Incometax system.

Mr. Saxena: He was a member of the Committee.

Sir James Grigg said that he had a personal knowledge of Mr. Chambers' work, both in England and in India, and he could say that no better person could be found for the work. He was satisfied that they were offering a pay no more than that required, as his taking up the appointment in India would interrupt his career in England, entailing loss of pension and other considerations in England. At the end of three years (not five years as stated in the motion), the Provinces would be getting a substantial enhanced allocation of the fund. One of Mr Chambers' main task would be to train a successor to himself in India.

GRIGG GOES AT GOVT. SERVANTS

Before conclusion, Sir James referred to what he called "an unauthorised and premature leakage of information through the disloyal and despicable habit of some Government servants." He said that the information, on which the resolution was based, must have been derived from an unauthorised source and the Finance Member wished to make a personal appeal to honourable members not to countenance "this disloyal and despicable habit on the part of a minority or some of the Government servants."

Some members: How is this relevant?

The President: It is perfectly relevant.

(Continued on page 8 Col 1)

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ISSUES BEFORE ALL-INDIA EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE

Specialists Invited To Thrash Out Concrete System In Light Of Gandhiji's Proposals

WARDHAGANJ, Oct. 5.

Mr. Shriman Narayan Agarwal, Secretary of the Marwari Educational Society, Wardha has sent the following for publication.

"We are daily receiving many letters from all over India asking for invitations to the forthcoming All-India National Educational Conference, to be held at Wardha under the presidentship of Gandhiji. May I draw the attention of the public to Gandhiji's article in the "Harijan" of October 2?

As Gandhiji has clearly stated, the conference is going to be businesslike and the various specialists who have been invited will try to thrash out a concrete scheme in the light of Gandhiji's proposals.

The number of invitees has already gone beyond our original calculation and it is now impossible to send more invitation. I may, however, mention that Gandhiji is planning to convene a bigger conference later, if this conference is able to arrive at some definite conclusions. Only those who have been invited will, therefore, attend this conference and there will be no delegates or visitors. The proceedings of the conference will be in Hindustani.

I appeal to those who have tried to evolve a Hindustani short-hand to let me know if they can send some trained reporters to take down the proceedings of the Educational Conference. I will then try to choose the best person or persons and invite them to report for us. This will help us in keeping an accurate record of proceedings and will also help us to judge the efficiency of the Hindustan short-hand system."—A. P.

ASSEMBLY CENSURES INDIA GOVT.

(Continued From Page 7.)

Addressing Congress members, Sir James said: "I think that the honourable members opposite, whose confreres are Ministers in seven out of the eleven Provinces, ought to reflect that disloyalty and self-seeking on the part of Government servants is one of the most dreadful cankers that can enter into any administrative system. The last time I spoke on this subject, I was thought to be provocative and truculent. I hope that I have not been so to-day, but if I have been, I ask the House to forgive me, for, it is a subject on which I feel deeply." (Applause).

SHAMLAL'S REJOINDER

On the conclusion of Sir James Grigg's speech, Mr. Shamlal explained that he had not got the information from any Government servant.

Sir James said that he was making no reflection on, nor accusing, the honourable member. What he said was that the information could only have been derived in the first instance from disclosures by Government servants.

Mr. Satyamurti: Mr Chambers told us that he was coming to India (Laughter).

INSULT TO INDIANS.

Maulana Zafarali said that the appointment of Mr. Chambers was an insult to the capability of Indians. No Indian would have been given such a high jump in salary as was being given to Mr. Chambers. The speaker had no racial prejudice, but he thought that there were better men in India than Mr. Chambers. He, therefore, supported the motion.

Sardar Sant Singh said that the policy of Europeanisation, which the Central Government was now pursuing, was being dictated by Finance Member. Only the other day he had pointed out during interpellations that three Indians were being superseded in the N. W. Railway by Europeans. It was an insult to the intelligence of the House that the Finance Member should think that only an outsider could reform the Income-tax Law of India.

SIR M. YAKUB HAULED UP.

Sir M. Yakub said that moving of adjournment motions should be resorted to on very rare occasions; otherwise such motions would lose their force.

Mr. Azharali, intervening, asked the President whether Sir M. Yakub was in order in characterising the motion as not urgent, the Chair having ruled that it was urgent.

The President thereupon asked Sir M. Yakub to speak on other aspects of the motion.

Continuing, Sir M. Yakub said that to administer a Province as a Minister was quite different from working as an expert. Mr. Shamlal had, therefore, made no case.

LAUGHTER GREETS HIM.

There was interruptions to Sir M. Yakub's speech, some members laughing loudly, whenpon the speaker retorted that if they persisted in treating Indians just as they did Europeans, then the importation of Europeans would continue. He opposed the motion.

SACRIFICE OF CHAMBERS

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, speaking in a caustic vein, said that the Finance Member seemed to ask the House to admire the action of the Government in taking a man, who was at present getting about Rs. 500, and giving him seven times that salary—only seven times—(Ironical cheers). The Finance Member appeared to ask the House to admire the colossal sacrifice of this gentleman.

The Speaker asked how the British people created experts. During the last fifty years the Britishers, by means of actual administration, and by discovering their own blunders, had created a genius like Mr. Chambers, but the Speaker hoped that by the same process India might create not only a Chambers but even a Grigg. (Laughter).

He referred to Law and said that when he began at the Bar there were twenty leading European members, but at the end of thirty years none of them now sought to get any work, at all events, in the Bombay High Court and he was told that the same thing was happening in other provinces. That was the situation in a field in which there were no fetters. No discretion, but it was a vicious circle in other spheres where Indians would not get opportunities. Therefore, they could not learn, and because they could not learn they could not get an opportunity.

NO SECRET AT ALL

The speaker was not one of those who drew upon the despicable disloyalty of public servants—he was as anxious to anyone on Government benches to see that Government servants kept official secrets—but it was no secret that one man was being sent somewhere else and posted somewhere else. Each expert only added to the pack of sardines. (Laughter.) The House must protest against that. Whatever threats held out against Government servants against the disclosure of secrets might be well deserved, but when people came out to take appointments in India from foreign countries, it did not mean that there was only one source of information. He asked the House to set its face against exploitation, an instance of which was the appointment of Mr. Chambers.

Mr. M. S. Aney endorsed Mr Desai's observations regarding the attempt to pack the Centre with foreign element, before the Federal structure came into being.

The House divided and passed the motion by 59 votes to 42, and adjourned till to-morrow.—A.P.

Mr. Meherally addressing a public meeting at De Lisle Road convened to protest against the arrest of Mr. Batliwala and the promulgation of Section 144 at Sholapur.

Bihar Landholders Warned

Prime Minister's Solemn Advice

PATNA, October 5.

Reports received here of the Prime Minister, the Hon. Babu Shri Krishna Sinha's tour of Jamui, Monghyr and Jamalpur show that he is having a successful tour.

At all the places the Prime Minister was taken out in a procession through gaily decorated streets with arches all along, men and women garlanding him and sprinkling rose water.

On the morning of October 1 he opened the Congress Bhawan at Jamui and addressed a largely-attended meeting.

ZAMINDARS CAUTIONED.

He reached Monghyr the same afternoon. The procession took nearly two hours to reach the Tilak Maidan where the Prime Minister addressed a vast gathering. He said that in trying to ameliorate the lot of tenants he and his colleagues were not actuated by any ill-will against the Zemindars. He was pained to hear that a Zemindars' meeting held at Monghyr had characterised the Congress Government as tyrannical.

The Tenancy Act Amendment Bill and the proposal to tax agricultural income were most just and equitable. He had personally seen people in villages dying of epidemics. Education was still at the lowest ebb. For these and other purposes the Ministry wanted money and he asked if the Government was acting unjustly if they were trying to tax the rich who in fact were the most lightly taxed people in the Province.

NO ABOLITION OF ZEMINDARI.

He added that the Ministry never wanted to abolish the Zemindari system; and if the Zamindars were to be destroyed it would be by their own unfortunate acts. All that the Ministry wanted was harmonious relations between Zemindars and Tenants and he appealed to the Zemindars to co-operate with the Congress in a spirit of self-sacrifice.

Referring to police and the magistracy, he wanted them to change their attitude towards the Public even as the latter must also change their attitude towards the former. In conclusion he appealed the people to co-operate with the Ministry in realising the good which it had in view.—A. P.

Silver Jubilee Gift For B. B. & C. I. Ry. Employees

BENEVOLENT FUND FOR LOW-PAID STAFF INAUGURATED

In commemoration of the Silver Jubilee of the Jackson Co-operative Bank of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Limited celebrated on Wednesday on the Cross Maidan, an announcement, inaugurating the Silver Jubilee Benevolent Fund for the amelioration of distress amongst the low-paid staff on the line, was made.

"This Fund" the Silver Jubilee brochure says, "has been created from the accumulated surplus profits of the Bank amounting Rs. 1,81,851 and to which the future surplus profits will be allocated to augment the Fund."

OBJECT OF FUND

"The Fund is of the nature of a Death Benefit Fund," it further adds, "and its main object is to allow a lump sum amount not exceeding six months' pay to alleviate distress amongst the widows and children of the deceased members, drawing Rs. 80 and under and who may be left in indigent circumstances".

Referring to the activities of the Bank, Mr. J. D. Antia, Chairman of the Bank, said that they extended over 3,500 miles and covered eight out of 12 provinces. He made bold to say that if the Railway administration were to withdraw their support, then the whole Bank would succumb like a house of cards. He thanked the members of the staff and the Railway administration for their co-operation, labour and love.

PROF. KAZI'S ADVICE

Prof. H. L. Kazi, specially invited to speak on the occasion, observed that it was a doubtful proposition whether loans should be recovered through pay-sheets, but he personally felt that in order to keep up efficiency and success of the institution, it was expedient to resort to such a method, although the ideal of the Bank had to be sacrificed.

The Co-operative movement had been largely identified with rural movement and it was a great pity that the hopes, expectations and aspirations had not been realised in that direction, even after a lapse of 33 years, although co-operative movement in the urban areas had made great strides. He praised the scheme of Debt Redemption Loan, the object of which was to redeem the employee, once for all, from the heavy debts that he had incurred, by giving him a special loan equal to 18 times the amount of his monthly rate of pay.

Sir Maurice Brayshay, presiding over the function, expressed appreciation of the manifold activities of the Bank and the valuable spirit of co-operation shown by the members of the staff, greatly contributing to the success of the institution.

Speeches over, guests and the members of the Bank were treated to light refreshments.

NEW TEACHERS FOR DOON SCHOOL

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, Oct. 6.

A meeting of the Board of management of Doon School was held here with Sir Jagdish Pershad in the Chair.

Among other business the Board decided that two English Masters be recruited in place of Messrs. Barritt and Sprawson who have been appointed to posts at Rajkumar College, Raikot.

The Founders' Day will be celebrated at the school on November 7 when Sir Jagdish Pershad will give the Founder's Day address.

OUR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS

Anjuman-i-Islam, Bombay

The Anjuman-I-Islam, which was founded in the year 1875, has come to be recognized as one of the foremost educational organisations in the city, as is amply revealed by the latest annual report for 1936-37. It is at present conducting six schools, which are well-equipped and efficient.

The Anjuman has been rendering very valuable service to the cause of Muslim education and rich Muslim cannot make better and worthier use of their wealth than helping the Anjuman to carry on its good work.

Bombay Port Trust Employees' Co-operative Credit Society

The tenth annual report for the year 1936-37 shows that the subscribed share capital was Rs. 3,27,230 at the close of the year. The loans granted during the year amounted to Rs. 4,22,104 at 7 p.c. A dividend of 6 p.c. has been declared for the year.

S. P. C. A. Karachi

The 64th annual report for the year 1936-37 of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals is a record of good work done. The cases dealt with during the year were more than three thousand and the fines imposed totalled Rs. 6,736. The Society's free dispensary is becoming increasingly popular and 1,591 animals were treated during the year. 172 cases were remanded to the Infirmary.

Shree Tara Charitable Dispensary (Rishikesh)

The report of the last four years (1933-36) of this institution proves its great utility. During this period nearly twenty-eight thousand patients were treated by the Dispensary, the number for 1936 alone being more than half the total, which is an excellent pointer to its increasing popularity. The institution is badly in need of funds for its development particularly in view of the Haridwar Kumbh fair next year.

Lorries Collide

NAINITAL, Oct. 6.

Six passengers, including three police constables, were seriously injured and were removed to hospital, and a few others were slightly injured when two lorries fully loaded with passengers, collided two miles from Nainital at an acute corner on the Nainital-Kathgodam Road. The down lorry was completely smashed.—A.P.

Poultry Propaganda

According to the announcement issued with our Poultry Propaganda Calendars for 1937 and also with our Poultry Propaganda Photographs for 1937 the undermentioned 453 Numbers are published.

ITEM ONE—No. 697989. ITEM TWO—No. 719849. ITEM THREE—No. 762913. ITEM FOUR—No. 695006. ITEM FIVE No. 708693. ITEM SIX—No. 761898. ITEM SEVEN—No. 698138. ITEM EIGHT—No. 739899. ITEM NINE—Nos. 698574, 744533, 735736, 698383, 743729, 744629, 698050, 721431, 754301, 699733, 761934, 718061, 696629, 708676, 762887. ITEM TEN—Nos. 761987, 695287, 721421, 698408, 743789, 698609. ITEM ELEVEN—Nos. 743500, 697999, 754312, 696001, 743740, 698401, 706912, 699063, 764138, 699122, 695065, 764004, 696052, 698458, 743764, 736000, 743752, 707212, 746079, 698999, 695111, 699222, 743776, 699199, 696991, 743788, 763947, 717100, 699272, 696905, 699303, 743800, 698673, 763893, 696886, 698505, 699399, 696034, 744431, 708665, 746069, 699444, 718072, 744466, 695135, 756712, 696143, 698629, 744477, 763763, 696191, 699488, 695175, 696827, 744468, 698972, 696775, 762002, 763692, 744983, 695993, 695202, 762073, 699512, 744499, 744972, 735807, 695927, 699955, 696209, 744510, 695221, 763663, 744961, 698935, 695312, 699547, 763505, 699591, 695367, 762114, 699699, 695395, 718084, 744521, 763367, 695444, 699877, 696732, 695888, 744544, 763163, 699999, 744949, 695502, 762201, 719056, 699623, 744640, 699789, 699902, 762999, 762259, 698834, 696707, 762415, 698701, 696237, 698718, 695547, 744893, 719860, 762297, 696729, 695589, 696289, 698889, 744904, 762363, 721924, 696666, 695835, 698913, 762471, 744914, 762808, 695764, 762762, 744940, 724912, 696376, 695713, 698798, 762525, 727012, 696434, 695622, 698777, 744927, 762593, 727312, 696487, 696511, 695695, 698842, 727300, 696593, 695650, 698817, 762648, ITEM TWELVE—Nos. 759091, 699798, 760020, 701191, 729598, 695483, 723501, 753080, 699011, 701642 734353, 696325, 721717, 751909, 696639, 709449, 740808, 698515, 745050, 711011, 697757, 717417, 698422, 745858, 698065. ITEM THIRTEEN—Nos. 697520, 746226, 761509, 740330, 702536, 741010, 722525, 698599, 761112, 704507, 743215, 748998, 700600, 760101, 723671, 705507, 743333, 725912, 743420, 755555, 745555, 739999, 719591, 743555, 706523, 758886, 697909, 745656, 731515, 707770, 757404, 745929, 707851, 755225, 708315, 747273, 732502, 710225, 747474, 717298, 751666, 713999, 734911, 715404, 749323, 698323, 739831, 753257. ITEM FOURTEEN—Nos. 697015, 759979, 710355, 708211, 759798, 736421, 749152, 701195, 750450, 708080, 749034, 760998, 734373, 759501, 698353, 701201, 759434, 758911, 701388, 758899, 712777, 740404, 701919 735151, 753111, 702020, 740642, 707607, 757315, 713222, 748779, 707107, 756683, 698437, 756502, 734232, 748668, 702222, 756473, 714002, 748228, 702301, 756450, 726869, 753322, 706705, 740909, 761236, 753453, 756376, 706305, 747987, 741455, 725454, 742112, 733601, 706098, 747777, 742712, 703147, 705891, 753555, 742323, 725232, 704707, 747675, 753602, 747374, 698541, 742442, 703251, 756122, 732449, 742501, 753665, 725165, 746886, 703344, 723989, 753753, 714888, 742662, 745475, 715014, 755381, 698656, 744199, 718718, 756080, 703495, 721886, 743599, 703747, 721311, 720505, 755385, 755775, 743717, 698691, 755533. ITEM FIFTEEN—Nos. 751237, 700303, 759913, 747072, 759828, 730013, 698666, 720120, 700404, 755647, 760213, 730981, 740304, 755402, 720666, 701415, 704631, 740990, 710033, 749404, 721112, 740707, 703540, 759675, 710498, 720808, 697151, 710555, 755995, 719529, 741001, 748981, 710607, 756226, 729272, 760267, 738888, 710712, 757101, 748886, 759600, 704849, 716555, 728272, 734770, 760537, 698365, 757202, 704959, 731122, 710910, 748608, 741515, 757674, 746494, 705723, 732600, 714188, 741616, 760777, 736992, 759009, 758926, 711771, 747747, 721821, 757665, 711834, 742413, 736881, 709961 757983, 711942, 746767, 713317, 733333, 758126, 706413, 722727, 742614, 722222, 732929, 698444, 758803, 706655, 734444, 743647, 709935, 722477, 745353, 724667, 734545, 745775, 722351, 713713, 745809, 698568, 733443, 712712, 746454, and ITEM SIXTEEN—No. 698369.

Those who hold our Calendars or Poultry Photographs for 1937 bearing any of these Numbers are requested to apply the Asian Poultry Institute, 11 Connaught Road, POONA immediately for further details. Delivery of Poultry etc. will be given at the Farm Premises at Poona as already announced. Kindly write your name and address clearly in Block Letters. Send for particulars about our Calendars for 1938.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

THE LAST ACT

"Great God!" exlaimed Felton on seeing the knife glitter in Milady's hands.

At that moment a burst of ironical laughter resounded from the corridor. The baron had been attracted by the noise and was now standing in his dressing-gown in the doorway with his sword under his arm.

"Ah," said he "here we are then, at the last act of the tragedy. Be easy, Felton, no blood will flow"

Milady perceived that all was lost unless she gave Felton a convincing proof of her courage.

"You are mistaken, my Lord, blood will flow; and may that blood fall back on those who cause it to flow!"

Felton uttered a cry, for Milady had stabbed herself.

But the knife had fortunately—or rather, intentionally—struck the steel busk, which at that period, like a cuirass defended the chests of women. It had glided down it, tearing the robe, and had penetrated slantingly between the flesh and the ribs.

THE NIGHT NURSE

Milady's robe was none the less stained with blood in a second. She fell down and seemed to be in a swoon. Felton snatched away the knife and gloomily said:

"See, my Lord, here is a woman who was under my guard and who has killed herself!"

"Don't worry, Felton," said Lord Winter. "Demons do not die so easily. Go to my room and wait for me there.

"But, my Lord—"

"Go, Sir, I command you!"

Felton obeyed the order from his superior, but in going out he concealed the knife in his bosom. The woman who waited on Milady was summoned, whereupon Lord Winter recommended the prisoner to her care and left them alone.

Feeling that she was being undressed Milady opened her eyes again but took great care to affect weakness and pain. The poor woman was duped so completely that notwithstanding Milady's hints, she insisted on watching all night.

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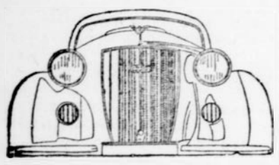

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World of Wireless

BETTER WIRELESS RECEPTION

A Campaign To Reduce Interference Caused By Electrical Equipment

A movement is on foot in Great Britain to reduce interference to wireless reception caused by electrical equipment. Important organizations that have associated themselves with this movement include the International Special Committee on Radio Interference (C.I.S.P.R.), and, in Great Britain, the Institution of Electrical Engineers; the British Standards Institution; the General Post Office; the Electrical Research Association; and the B.B.C.

In some countries there are already laws whereby the owners of interfering apparatus can be compelled to suppress the interference. In Great Britain it is felt that legislation should be deferred until the tolerance degree of interference can be accurately defined and measured. Moreover, it is desirable to obtain international agreement to the limits imposed, so that a piece of domestic apparatus such as a vacuum cleaner, could be stamped with a special mark which would guarantee that it complied with certain universally accepted standards.

The International Special Committee on Radio Interference has considered this problem very thoroughly, and has defined the way in which the interference should be measured under all conditions. Its collected statistics, showing how many listeners would be protected from interference if the standard were fixed at certain limits, reveal the relative efficiency of the aerials used by listeners for broadcast reception and of the 'coupling' between the supply mains and the receiving set. It is hoped that international agreement will shortly be arrived at as to the degree of interference which would be considered tolerable for different types of apparatus, ranging from small domestic equipment to large industrial installations.

GOODWILL OF THE PUBLIC.

A Committee formed by the Institution of Electrical Engineers presented a report last year, recommending that the Electericity Commissioners should be given powers to issue regulations to suppress interference with radio reception caused by both new and existing electrical appliances, plant, or machinery. Meanwhile, it is necessary to rely on the goodwill of the public to refrain from using apparatus which causes interference. In the majority of cases which have been reported to the General Post Office and investigated by them, owners of equipment causing interference have willingly paid the small cost involved in suppressing it.

Sub-committees set up by the British Standards Institution are actively considering the best methods of suppressing interference to sound broadcasting, and also to television reception. This latter problem, involving close co-operation with motor manufacturers and makers of electro-medical equipment, presents considerable technical difficulties. Steps taken to reduce interference must not be allowed to impair the satisfactory working of the apparatus, and the cost of suppression must be very small compared with that of the apparatus itself.

Interference caused by motor-cars to the reception of programmes from the BBC Television Station is about equally severe on the sound and vision channels, so that if the interference can be reduced to a level at which it is not audible on the sound reception, it will probably be imperceptible on the picture. Interference from motor-cars may be serious up to a distance of 100 yards, and interference from medical apparatus may be noticeable even at a range of a quarter of a mile.

Broadcasting "Stunts"

"Complaints Incorporated," is one of the most popular novelties at an American Radio Station. It provides an outlet for the complaints of local listeners. Listeners Telephone their complaints which are taken over a phone in the studio. They are then read over the air and passed along to various city officials for action. Most of the complaints deal with ruts in streets, clogged sewers, uncollected garbage, noisy children, dangerous intersections and placement of street lights. The programme is aired daily.

For Men Only

Another U. S. Station is running a new Sunday afternoon programme called "The Stage Line." Opening announcement asks women to get away from the radio, as this is for men only.

Then the boys give the razz to female hair, hats and habits. The speaker interviews a typical man about town as well as someone in a he-man job such as riveters and bridge builders.

Male quartet offers transcribed, robust songs and there's always an adventure story and a human interest yarn with a sports slant.

Theatrophone

The new Beaujon Hospital in Paris claims to have the most up-to-date wireless installation in existence. There are forty loud speakers and nine hundred pairs of headphones. Each pair of headphones is provided with a separate volume control which the patient can adjust to suit his particular needs. The patients can not only be supplied with broadcasting programmes or with gramophone recitals and concerts originated within the hospital, but they can be connected by landline with any of the Paris theatres by means of the Theatrophone service.

Lazy Man's Tuning

Spasmodic attempts have been made from time to time to produce sets of the so-called "automatic" type in which any given station can be tuned in by using a dialling arrangement similar to that used in the case of the automatic telephone system. Similar arrangements have also appeared in the U. S. A., but it now seems that the Americans are taking these automatic tuning systems really seriously, as a large number of receivers embodying these arrangements in some form or other are being produced for the coming season. These and similar systems are known in America by the somewhat appropriate description of Lazy Man's Tuning.

Jodhpur's Chief Minister Stays On

JODHPUR, October 5.

A communique has been issued by the Government of Jodhpur stating that His Highness the Maharaja has been pleased to extend the term of office of Lt.-Colonel Sir Donald Field, Kt., C.I.E. as Chief Minister of the Government of Jodhpur for an indefinite period with effect from May 2, 1938.

The term of office of Nawab Khan Bahadur Chaudhari Mohammad Din, Revenue Minister of the Jodhpur State Council has been extended for a period of two years from 7th December, 1937.

Brigadier R. C. Duncan, Military Secretary and Military Adviser to His Highness has been granted an extension for a further period of two years with effect from 1st March 1938.—A.P.

Agricultural Expert For Kashmir

(From Our Special Correspondent).

SIMLA, Oct. 4.

Dr. Burn's officiating Agricultural Expert Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, leaves Simla on October 6 for official tour in Kashmir and arrives at New Delhi on October 18.

The Imperial Council of Agricultural Research has among its constituents several States and Kashmir is one of them.

The Revenue Minister, Government of Jammu and Kashmir has a seat on the Governing Body of the Council and the Director of Agriculture, Kashmir and the Superintendent of Civil Veterinary Department Kashmir, are members of the Advisory Board of the Council.

During his tour Dr. Burns will examine mainly the questions of rice research, fruit pests and of growing of insecticidal plants.

Dublis Of Kakori Case In Benares

BENARES, October 4.

It is reliably understood that Mr. Vishnu Sharan Dublis of the Kakori Conspiracy case, who was in Andamans has been brought to Benares under strong police guards and has been here in the jail. No orders are stated to have been received for his release from the jail so far. He was sentenced to 15 years' transportation and it is stated that his term will be complete on November 5.

Gujarat College Not To Be Closed

There have been reports in the Press that as a measure of economy Government propose to close down the Gujarat College at Ahmedabad next year. These reports are unfounded. There is no proposal before Government to close down the College next year.

No Plague In Karachi

Karachi has been declared to be free from Plague from September 27.

SIND CABINET AFFAIRS

Secretary Withdraws His Resignation

KARACHI, Oct. 6.

A compromise has been reached between Sheikh Abdul Majid, Parliamentary Secretary and Premier Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatulla at a meeting last night and the former has agreed to retract his resignation.

Sheikh Abdul Majid attended the office this morning as usual.—United Press.

PROSTITUTES TO GO OUT OF TOWN LIMIT

DERA ISMAIL KHAN, Oct. 5.

At a general meeting of the members of the Municipal Committee, D. I. Khan held on 2nd October under the presidentship of Capt. Wooldridge, Deputy Commissioner, Maulvi Allah Diwaya Khan moved a resolution in favour of the removal of the Chakla (bazar of prostitutes) from within municipal limits.

The resolution was unanimously passed.—A. P.

INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATION

(Continued from Page 6.)

legal rights may be either a single State or where there is a treaty, it may be the subject matter of such treaty, a union of several states."

(b) "Just as the separate State, as a subject of legal rights is entitled to establish an organization to enable to restore its will, so a League of several states is entitled as the subject of legal rights to establish an organization for the purpose of realising, as against each separate state the collective will express in the treaty and compelling the separate State to abide by the treaty."

The institutional inadequacy of the classical doctrine of the State Sovereignty in terms of the present social order has been demonstrated. Professor H. J. Laski has well stated that the "inadequacy of the classical view for an age with problems of minorities, of mandates and great international economic organizations on its hands is [illegible] development.'

While thus juridically further and inevitable torpedoing of the outworn theory of absolute sovereignty of the State is proceeding apace, mere construction of machinery to preserve peace will hardly suffice to meet the real needs thereof. The abandonment of economic war between States is a far more important desideration for preserving peace.

It is the considered opinion of Viscount Cecil that "War can only be prevented by international organization." Such an organization crystallizing with the League of Nations is to gradually "grow stronger and more perfect as opportunity serves." Further international organization must be "democratic in the sense that it should include all civilized States with equal rights but not equal responsibilities."

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 13 POINTS DOWN

Bullion Quiet But Wheat And Base Metals Weak

BOMBAY, October 6

On Wednesday cross rates ruled quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON EASY

New York cotton was easy on foreign, local and hedge selling influenced by the bearish statistical world cotton situation.

BULLION QUIET

London gold and silver ruled quiet.

WHEAT EASY

Wheat was easy on favourable crop report. Base metals were weak.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE WEAK

The London Stock Exchange showed reactionary sentiment following weakness in other markets. Giltedged securities failed to attract much interest as a result of depressing influence allround.

COTTON EXCHANGES

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

DECEMBER 1937

New York, Oct 6

Previous closing	8.13
To-day's opening	8.09
Difference	—.04
To-day's closing	8.00
Difference	—13

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JANUARY 1938

Liverpool, Oct 6

Previous closing	4.68
To-day's opening	4.68
Difference	unchanged
To-day's closing	4.66
Difference	—.02

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May Rs. 162-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Oct 6

Cotton was somewhat lower on absence of any fresh incentive with sentiment rather pessimistic over bearish statistical world cotton situation which was further accentuated by weakness of other markets.

Operations in December commenced at 8.09 i.e. 4 points lower than previous closing. Prices declined on lower Liverpool advices and scattered foreign and local selling with some hedging while later the price further declined to 8.06 on renewed hedging but reports that more cotton was going under loan checked further fall, the market thereafter displaying somewhat better tendency.

New York cotton finally closed at 8.00 with a decline of 13 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct 6

The following were the opening ranges:—

December (8.23/8.21) 8.10/8.09
January (8.12/8.12) 8.01/8.01
March (8.15/8.13) 8.02/8.02

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 6

American October (4.60) 4.56
American December (4.69) 4.64
Sakels November (6.15) 5.95
Sakels January (6.63) 6.40

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Oct 6

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 163-12 and Rs. 162-12 1/2. The closing rate at 10 p.m. was Rs. 163-8.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Oct 6

The rates at 2-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2 3/4) 1-2 1/2
Indian Pekoe higher (2-3) 2-2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2 1/2) 1-2 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-10 3/4) 2-0

JUTE

New Crop October November (£20 7/8 sellers) £20 5/8 buyers
Dunlop October (£23 sellers) £22 3/4 sellers.
Lightning October (£21 3/4) £21 1/2 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (8 5/16 buyers) 7 7/8 buyers
Forward January March (8 1/2 paid and sellers) 8 1/16 paid and value

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay November October (£15 sellers) £15 sellers
Linseed Calcutta October November (£15 5/8 sellers) £15 9/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata October (£13 5/8 sellers) £13 9/16 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal November (£13 13/16 sellers) £13 5/8 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct 6

Liverpool wheat opened steady with October at 108 1/8 and December 106 1/4. Prices eased on weakness of overnight north American cables and more favourable crop reports from southern hemisphere but later the market displayed better sentiment.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct 6

Chicago wheat opened quiet with December at 1.03 7/8. After early hesitancy prices improved on scattered commission house buying and some covering influenced by steadiness of outside markets with the price rising to 1.04 1/2.

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

New York, Oct 6

Previous closing	4.95 1/4
To-day's opening	4.95 1/2
To-day's closing	4.95 3/8

L. I. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Oct 6

Previous closing	4.95.27
To-day's opening	4.95.15
To-day's closing	4.95.45

FRANC RATE

London, Oct 6

Previous closing	150.81
To-day's opening	150.31
To-day's closing	150.43

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct 6

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.95.14 and then improved to 4.95.26 on scattered buying subsequently the rate exhibiting steadier tendency although movements were small.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.95.45

Franc opened at 150.31 and then slightly weakened to 150.41 on scattered selling pressure but thereafter improved slightly on some official support.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 150.43

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (11.327) 11.366
New York on Bombay (37.42) 37.42
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 1/8) 0.93 1/8
London on Milan (94.11) 94.14
London on Shanghai (1-2 13/32) 1-2 13/32
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
6 months (11/16 to 3/4 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£242 buyers £243 sellers. Weak) £233 1/4 buyers £233 3/4 sellers. Weak.
Lead (£19 3/4 buyers £19 5/16 sellers) 17 13/16 buyers £17 7/8 sellers. Weak.
Electrolytic Copper (£54 to £56) £52 to £54
Glasgow Iron sh (107-0) 107-0

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Oct 6

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India and speculators sold. America bought. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct 6

Spot	(19 15/16d.)	19 7/8d.
Forward	(19 13/16d.)	19 13/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct 6

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-8) £7-0-7 1/2

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Oct 6

Wheat	January	5 10	0
Wheat	May	5 6	3
Linseed	May	8 3	6

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Oct 6

Silver	ready	50 11	0
Silver	1st settlement Asho	50 11	0
Silver	2nd settlement Kartak	50 12	3
Gold	ready	34 13	0
Gold	1st settlement Asho	34 13	0
Gold	2nd settlement Kartak	34 12	3
Sovereign		22 3	3

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, Oct 6

Liverpool wheat October closed at 106 as against the previous closing at 109 1/8.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association).

Bombay, Oct 6

May Delivery.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8	3	9
Rates at 12-0 noon	8	3	6
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8	3	9
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	8	3	6

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Oct 6

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted Rs. 98-8-6 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 98-9-0.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Opening	98	10	0
Highest	98	10	0
Lowest	98	7	0
Closing	98	9	0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Oct 6

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £93 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Oct 6

2-30 p.m

3 per cent Indian Loan (£98 1/4) £98 1/2
3 per cent Indian (£92 1/2) £93
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£113) £113 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£115 1/4) £115 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£107 3/4) £108
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£111 1/4) £111 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£103) £103

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-75 (£108) £107 7/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£74 3/8) £74 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£100 1/8) £100 3/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£106 5/8) £106 5/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 3/8) £110 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 3/8) £101 5/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 1/4) £109 3/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct 6

2-30 p.m

Giltedgeds were strong otherwise markets generally were weak on persistent selling.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (142-6) 137-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (62-9) 61-3
Hydro Electric (£6) £5 7/8
Musical Industries (19-0) 18-6
Princhin Johnson (40-9) 39-0
Imperial Chemical (37-0) 36-7 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary (64-0) 62-3
Realisation 1930 (£90) £89 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (33-9) 33-3
Unilever Ordinary (39-9) 38-3
Ford Motors (25-0) 24-6
Gables and Wireless New Ordinary (£70 3/4) £68 3/4
British American Tobacco (110-0) 108-9
Carreas A (£8 3/8) £5 1/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (146-3) 145-0 146-3
P and O S N Company Deferred (27-7 1/2) 26-6
Distillers (107-9) 106-3
Bredfords Dyers (£6 5/8) £7 3/4
British Celanese (£5 3/4) £5 1/4
J and P Coates Ordinary (44-7 1/2) 44-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (50-7 1/2) 50-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (8-1 1/2) 7-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (26-9) 26-7 1/2
Inter Nickels (£50 3/8) £45 7/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (76-3) 77-6
Tata Steel Preference (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (29-3) 29-0
Donaro Teas (45-0) 45-0
Empire of India (33-4 1/2) 33-1 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (32-3) 29-6
Gula Kelampong (32-6) 31-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (32-3) 31-3

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (53-1 1/2) 52-6
Burma Corporation (16-3) 16-1 1/2
Rio Tintos (£17 7/8) £17 1/2
East Rand Proprietors (59-4 1/2) 58-9
Rand Mines (£7 3/4) £7 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£13 7/8) £13 3/4
Association Portland Cement (83-9) 82-6
Trinidad Leaseholds (111-3) 110-0
Sub Nigel (£10 3/8) £10 3/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (31-3) 31-3
Union Corporation (£8 5/8) £8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (46-10 1/2) 46-3
Anglo Iranian (82-6) 79-9
Burma Oil (122-6) 120-0
Musical Eagle (14-0) 13-6
Shell Transport (101-3) 98-9
Royal Dutch (£42 5/8) £41 7/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£66 1/2) £65 7/8
L and S Ordinary (£32 3/4) £32 1/4
L N E R Defd (£5) £4 7/8
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£21 3/4) £21 1/2
London Paris 5 per cent (£124 1/2) £124 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£76) £76

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Oct 6

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

General Motors (dol 48 1/8) dol 44 7/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 37 1/8) dol 34
General Motors (dol 49 3/8) dol 48 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 39 1/2) dol 37 1/8
U S Steel Common (dol 76) dol 70 3/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 123) unquoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE WEAK

Heavy Liquidation In Wall Street

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Oct 6

The Stock Exchange was weak in the greater part of the session. Further there was a severe marking down, together with some forced liquidation, while the weakness of commodities provided an additional depressing factor. It rallied briefly, the opening of the Wall Street being better than anticipated. Improvement continued in after hours in the Street market.

Among commodities, basemetals and rubber were demoralised by the overnight weakness.

Wall Street met heavy liquidation, although the latter finished above the lowest. Wall Street opened weak and subsequently rallied good general support.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, Oct 6

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind Cotton January	16	7	0
Panjab	13	13	3
Desi American January	17	12	0
Tone weak.			
Wheat October	30	5	6
Wheat November	30	13	3
Wheat December	31	4	6
Wheat July	29	0	0
Tone dull.			
Gram October	23	3	6
Gram November	23	8	9
Gram December	23	14	0
Wheat July	23	0	0
Toria November	42	14	0
Toria December	92	12	9
Toria February	39	6	6
Cottonseed January	16	1	6

Markets closed at 3 p.m.

JUTE SHARES STEADY

Coals And Teas Firm

CALCUTTA, Oct 6

Jutes ruled steady and moderate turnover was put through. Coals continued to rule firm and a large volume of business was reported. Teas continued firm but business was somewhat restricted. In miscellaneous section Indian Irons opened steady and advanced further on good buying support while Burmas and other shares kept steady but unchanged. Government securities continued better. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: Three and half per cent Government paper 98 small odd lot; three per cent U P 1961/66 97/4; four per cent loan 1960/70 113/10.

Banks: Reserve Bank 125/8; Central Bank 31/4 small lot.

Cottons: Elgin Mills ord 133/8; New Victoria ord 1/10; Dunbar 182; Mohini Mills 12/6

Coals: Aldih 5; Amalgamated 28/8; Bengal 394; Bhalgora 6/3; Bokaro and Ramgur 20/12; Burra Dhemo 5/6 small lot; Burrakur 18/12; Central Kurkend 14/4; Deoli 9/8; East Indian 31/4; Equitable 43/10; Ghusick and Muslia 5; Hurriladih 21/5; Kalapahari 18/8; Khas Kajora 14; Lakurka 13/12; Mundalpore 11/15; North Damuda 8/12; Parasea 2/1; Raneegunge 39/15; Searsole 7/14; South Karanpura 8/9; Union 26/6; West Jamuria 34/3; Pench Valley 42; Raneegunge 39/15.

Tea: Bishnauth 30; Gungaram 407/8; Hasimara 48/4; Tezpore 9/10; Dessai and Purbuttia 270; North Western Cachar 271/8; Patrakola ord 1020; Sarugaon 13/4 Tukvar 16.

Debentures: Three and quarter per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge 99/12; three per cent 1936/66 Calcutta Municipal 96/4; three and quarter per cent Rangoon Municipal 96.—A. P.

LONDON SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Oct 5

Messrs. Lewis and Jones, Bombay, have received the following quotations by cable from their London Agents:

Names	Latest prices. £		
London Nigerian Tin Co Ltd	0	9	0
Guest, Keen and Nettlefold	1	14	6
Turner and Newall	4	7	6
Associated Elec Industries	2	5	9
Attock Oil	2	1	9
Associated Portland Cement	4	4	0
Automatic Telephone and Electric Ordinary	2	1	0
Castlefield (Klang) Rubber	0	4	7½
Beira Railways	1	11	3
United Br Oilfields of Trinidad	0	14	0
Marconi International Marine	1	13	3
Western Union Telegraph	dol	33.75	
General Electric Ordinary	4	2	0
Fairey Aviation Co Ltd.	0	17	3
Perak Hydro Elec Ordinary	1	7	0
International Rly of C. America	dol	5.00	
Malayalam Plantations	1	15	0
British Burma Petroleum	0	8	6
Soudan Plantation Syndicate	2	2	9
British South Africa (Chartered)	1	12	0
Pahang Consolidated Ord	1	4	0
Indian Copper Corpn Ord	0	4	9
Brazilian Traction Light and Power	dol	21.50	
American Radiator	dol	14.75	
Timken Roller Bearing Co.	dol	53.50	
American Can Company	dol	100.00	
General Foods Corporation	dol	33.50	
Marlu Gold Mining Areas Ltd	0	13	9
New Goldfields of Venezuela Ltd	0	5	0
Bisichi Tin Co (Nigerian) Ltd	0	10	0
Mawchi Mines Ltd	2	17	3
Messina (Transvaal) Co Ltd	1	1	3
Capital Securities Trust units	0	9	1½
Trust of Bank and Insurance shares	1	0	3
Trust of Bank Share units	0	18	9
Trust of Insurance share units	1	2	0
British Treasury Bills (3 months)	0 10 9.02 p.c. p.a.		

Poona Weather Report

POONA, October 6.

The shallow depression over the North Deccan yesterday moved to the North-East and lies this morning near Pendra.

The chief amounts of rainfall are: Darjeeling 6 inches; Jubbulpore, Seoni 4; Dhubri, Daltonganj Benares, Pachmarhi, Akola and Pendra 3; Cherrapunji, Jalpaiguri and Patna 2; Tezpur, Purnea, Darbhanga, Allahabad, Sutna, Nagpur and Gulbarga 1 1/2; Bogra Dinajpur, Gaya, Gorakhpur and Vizagapatam 1 inch.—A.P.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ending on the 1st day of October 1937.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	4,05,71,000
Notes in circulation:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	10,28,45,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	3,93,52,000
Total Notes issued	214,27,68,000
Total Liabilities	214,27,68,000
Ratio of Total of A to B. 20 per cent.	Liabilities:

ASSETS	Rs.
a. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	41,54,53,000
(b) Held outside India	2,89,98,000
Sterling Securities	80,30,70,000
Total of A.	124,72,21,000
b. Rupee Coin	62,16,95,000
Govt. of India Rupee Securities	27,38,52,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Paper	Nil.
Total Assets	214,27,68,000

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on 1st October 1937.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government x	16,41,03,000
(b) Banks	25,72,03,000
(c) Others	53,14,000
Bills Payable	6,13,000
Other Liabilities	1,13,95,000
Rupees	53,86,28,000

x Includes £52,700 held in London on account of the High Commissioner converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee.

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	34,04,47,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	1,24,000
Rupee Coin	4,01,000
Subsidiary Coin	3,19,000
Bills Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	Nil.
(b) External	Nil.
(c) Govt. of India Treasury Bills	Nil.
Balances held abroad*	11,87,31,000
Loans and Advances to the Government	Nil.
Other Loans adn Advances	1,00,000
Investments	6,93,00,000
Other Assets	92,06,000
Rupees	53,86,28,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

Central Sugar Selling Organisation

CALCUTTA, October 5.

A representative gathering of sugar mill-owners from all parts of India which met at the office of the Indian Sugar Mills Association, unanimously agreed to continue the scheme of the Central Sugar-Selling Organization, namely, Indian Sugar Syndicate to future seasons.

Among those present were Messrs Walchand Hirachand, Brijmohan Birla, Lala Karam Chand Thapar, Lala Shri Ram, Mr. D. P. Kaitan, Raja Narayanlalji, Mr. Omalley of Messrs Begg Sutherland and Co., Mr. F. A. Sherwani, Mr. R. L. Nopani and Lala Jaswant Rai.—United Press.

INDORE MARKET QUOTATION

Indore, Oct 6

Wheat Seeds and Cotton. Rate per mani of 6 mds. Bengal.

Wheat Bombay Pass Rs. 25 26
Wheat Malwi Rs. 22 24
Wheat Pissi Rs. 24 25
Tilseeds Rs. 34 36
Linseeds Bold Brown Rs. 30 32
Tuar Rs. 22 23
Jawar Rs. 15 17
Bajara Rs. 18 20
Linta Rs. 16 16/12
Moog (Green) Rs. 30 32
Moog (Black) Rs. 24 26
Ghana Rs. 36 37
Ajavan Rs. 18 19
Maka Rs. 11
Oil Cakes Rs. 11 12
Cotton Seeds Rs. 10 11
Jaungari of Kolhapur Rs. 22 24
Chilies Rs. 80 85
Ghee Rs. 200 300
Cotton Malwi per boja of 4 mds. Bengal Rs. 74 80
Cotton Nimadi per boja of 4 mds. Bengal Rs. 67 74
Cotton Broach opening per candy of 784 lbs. Rs. 163
Cotton Broach closing per candy of 784 lbs. Rs. 162/4
Satan per than.
Hukumchand Rs. 4
Indore Malwa Rs. 3/12
Bhandari Rs. 4
Rajakumar Rs. 3/12
Binod Rs. 4
Hira Mills Rs. 4
Shares:—
I. P. N. Bhandari Ltd. L. State Mills Rs. 34
100 Indore Malwa United Mills Ltd. Rs. 79
100 Indore Malwa Debentures Rs. 83
100 Hukumchand Mills Ltd. Rs. 228
100 Kalyanmal Mills Ltd. Ordy Rs. 116
100 Kalyanmal Mills Ltd. Pref Rs. 122
100 Rajakumar Mills Ltd. Rs. 34
100 Nandalal Bhandari Mills Ltd. Rs. 98
100 Binod Mills Ltd. Rs. 134
500 Hira Mills Ltd. Rs. 520
25 Indore Premier Co-operative Bank Ltd. Rs. 10
25 Indore Co-operative Press Ltd. Rs. 4
25 Bank of Indore Ltd. Rs. 40
10 Hukumchand Jute Ltd. Rs. 11
5 Indore Co-operative Insurance Ltd. Re. 1
Bullion:—
Gold Bar per tolas Rs. 36
Silver Bar per 100 tolas Rs. 36
Silver Bar per 100 tolas Rs. 52

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, Oct 6

British Oil Tanker ss Lacklan of 5,22[illegible] reg tons, Captain A R Heath arrived from Palembaeg via Tandjong Oeban with cargo of kerosene oil.

DEPARTURES

B I S N ss Manela of 5,41 reg tons, Captain T H Gill sailed for Karachi and Kathiawar Coast Ports with local and same bottom cargo.

Anglo Iranian Oil Tanker ss British Soldier of 3503 reg tons, Captain J D Miller sailed for Abadan with local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N ss Barpeta of 1892 reg tons, Captain J P Man sailed for Basra via Verawal, Kathiawar Coast Ports, Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers and local cargo.

Anglo Iranian Oil ss British Justice of 4122 reg tons, Captain F R Broad sailed for Abadan with local cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 6-10-37.

S B ankura (M M) for Persian Gulf Ports via Kathiawar Coast Ports and Karachi.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

Alexandra Dock

Bombay, Oct 6

1 Dandolo 2949 Karachi 7-10 L Triestino
5 Kybfels 4785 Karachi 8-10 L Edwards
7 City of Canterbury 5290 Karachi 9-10 K Nixon
8 Weissenfels 4852 Bremen 8-10 L Edwards
10 British Justice 4122 Abadan N F, Anglo Iranian Oil
14 Takliwa 3742 Durban 13-10 M M

Victoria Dock

2 Ellora 2386 Karachi 25-10 M M
4 Varela 1926 Busra 7-10 M M
16 Indira 278 N F, N F, The New Dholera Steamship Ltd.

Prince's Dock

8 Begum 3656 Rangoon 9-10 T Morrison
F Jehangir 2157 Jeddah 11-10 T Morrison.
K Jalatarang 1464 N F, N F, Scindia S N
R Jenaki 530 Malabar Coast 6-10 Malabar Steamship Ltd

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Bhutan 9-10-37 M M
Viceroy of India 25-10-37 P and O
Kaiser-i-Hind 2-10-37 P and O
Moldavia 7-10-37 P and O
Strathnaver 26-9-37 P and O S N
Cathay 14-10-37 P and O
Strathmore 21-10-37 P and O S N

FROM PLYMOUTH

City of Simla 18-10-37 Killick Nixon

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Kobe 15-10-37 J Finlay
Harmodiar 9-10-37 J Finlay
Britannia 11-10-37 Anchor Line

FROM OSLO

Simla 27-10-37 L Edwards

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Russo 18-10-37 L Triestino

FROM JAVA

Joey Merchant 11-10-37 Volkart Bros.

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Toyama Maru 16-10-37 N Y Kaisha
Borneo Maru 9-10-37 O S Kaisha
Anyo Maru 6-10-37 N Y Kaisha
Corfu 18-10-37 P and O S N
Tango Maru 30-10-37 N Y Kaisha
Taijin Maru 23-10-37 O S Kaisha

FROM HAMBURG

Ehrenfels 13-10-37 L Edwards
Heemskerk 11-10-37 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

City of Sydney 6-10-37 F F Campbell
Vichita 8-10-37 L Edwards
Pres. Garfield 14-10-37 F F Campbell

FROM BASRA

Bankura 7-10-37 M M
Vasna 9-10-37 M M

FROM BASSEIN

Jalayamuna 5-10-37 Scindia S N

FROM DURBAN

Fairea 30-10-37 M M
Kenya 16-10-37 M M

FROM KARACHI

Vita 7-10-37 M M
Weissenfels 5-10-37 L Edwards

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Corfu 16-10-37 M M
Cathay 23-10-37 P and O
Manela 2-11-37 P and O S N
Mongolia 6-11-37 P and O S N
Strathaird 25-9-37 P and O
Viceroy of India 30-10-37 P and O
Kaiser-i-Hind 9-10-37 P and O

FOR PLYMOUTH

City of Simla 23-10-37 K Nixon

FOR SYDNEY

Strathmore 21-10-37 P and O
Moldavia 7-10-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Canterbury 7-10-37 K Nixon
City of Barcelona 2-10-37 K Nixon

FOR HAMBURG

Weissenfels 9-10-37 L Edwards
Trifels 4-10-37 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

Pres. Garfield 15-10-37 F F Campbell
City of Sydney 10-10-37 F F Campbell
Pres. Hayes 29-10-37 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 19-10-37 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Victoria 3-11-37 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Conte Biancamano 1-11-37 L Triestino
Victoria 4-10-37 L Triestino
Ranchi 14-10-37 P and O S N
Rajputana 28-10-37 P and O
Anyo Maru 15-10-37 N Y Kaisha
Borneo Maru 24-10-37 O S Kaisha
Toyama Maru 1-11-37 N Y Kaisha
Taijin Maru 8-11-37 O S Kaisha

FOR KARACHI

City of Canterbury 9-10-37 K Nix
Kybfels 10-10-37 L Edwards
Vita 7-10-37 M M
Dondolo 12-10-37 L Triestino
Gamari 5-10-37 M M
Ellora 25-10-37 M M

FOR JEDDAH

Jehangir 11-10-37 T Morrison

FOR BASRA

Varela 7-10-37 M M
Barpeta 6-10-37 M M
Bankura 13-10-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Kenya 27-10-37 M M
Takliwa 13-10-37 M M

B. P. T GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Nardana 5-10-37
S S Victoria (boats) 5-10-37
S S Ellora 5-10-37

EXPORTS

S S Moldavia for Melbourne: 20 bales cotton raw N Rajaram; 59 bales cotton raw Langley; 94 bales goat hair Doongursee and Sons.

For Brisbane: 7 bales cotton grey duck Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons.

For Sydney: 26 bales cotton piecegoods Nowrosjee Wadia and Sons; 8 bales cotton grey calico H B McKerrow

For Wellington: 10 bags steatite powder Shaw Wallace; 5 cases cotton twist waste Barot Bros.

S S Kaiser-i-Hind for Marseilles: 780 bags groundnuts with shell Gordhandas Bhimji; 3880 bags groundnut seed The Cotton Agents; 310 bags sesamum seed Damji Pragji.

For London: 7110 bags linseed The Oil Seeds Trading; 616 bags myrabollams J Moolchand; 1232 bags groundnuts kernal S M Rajgor; 20 hogsheads chutney Framji Nowroji; 30 cases bristles B. Phillips and Hayley; 31 cases bristles Cox and Kings (Agents); 3 bales cowhides tanned J J Rahimtoola; 74 bales lamb skins Grindlay; 1360 bags g nut oil cake Fidahusein Shariffbhai.

For Famagusta: 21 bales grey sheeting p goods Harilal Manilal.

For Limassol: 7 bales grey sheeting p goods H Manilal.

S S City of Canterbury for Liverpool: 10 cases curry powder E Spinner; 80 bales cotton twist waste G M Vyas.

S S Weissenfels for Antwerp: 490 bs cotton raw K M Nathoo; 20 bales raw wool D Abraham; 125 drums castor oil Swastik Oil Mills; 125 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

For Alexandretta: 190 bales cotton g m yarn A H Diab; 160 bales wool raw B J Thakore.

For Istambul: 37 bales cotton g m yarn A H Diab

For Famagusta: 10 bales cotton yarn W H Brady

For Kingston: 15 bales grey cotton sheeting R Shantilal.

For Gothenburg: 33 bales cotton fly L O Vora;

For Stockholm: 15 bales cotton fly L O Vora.

For Copenhagen: 56 bales cotton twist waste H Chandulal.

For Piraeus: 8 cases gum B Jaffer

For Trinidad: 20 bags finnel seed J Hasmukhlal.

For Rotterdam: 116 bags mustard seed B Balwant.

S S City of Sydney for New York: 68 bags gum B Jaffer; 40 bags pistachionuts B Jaffer; 98 bales jute rags Barot Bros; 48 bales cotton rags C Nanalal; 4 bales win carpets and rugs Fehming and Shaw.

IMPORTS

S S Conte Biancamano Agents L Triestino from Shanghai: 107 bales raw silk; 12 cases art silk and silk mixed goods.

S S Falkenfels Agents L Edwards from Hamburg: 429 cases gablong goods; 43 cases petrol cookers; 139 cases sewing machines; 68 cases machinery; 169 bundles hurricane lanterns; 128 bags amisol; 50 bags globe gum; 1000 bags globe starch; 58 cases padlocks; 80 bags stearic acid; 141 bales boards; 60 cases camphor powder; 1017 bales paper; 60 bdls bar steel; 76 cases iron chains; 108 dms dyes dry; 50 cases cuttacks; 384 bundles iron tubes; 200 pieces cycle wheels; 43 cases native shawls; 448 dms mercury/atlas/flag oil; 50 cases school slates; 25 cases slate pencils; 55 cases common spirits; 24 cases woollens; 666 pieces timber aspenlogs; 40 cases alum foils; 112 cases medicines; 52 cases hardware; 31 cts press glass; 85 pcs earthenware; 300 bundles copper sheets.

From Bremen: 57 cases tube fittings; 50 cases sewing machines; 100 pieces wheels and axles; 216 bundles steel bars; 100 bags magnesium sulphate; 79 cases iron hinges; 1365 bundles baling hoops; 31 cases brass wire; 92 cases beer; 100 cases heel tips; 200 bags broken tiles; 140 bundles iron tubes; 660 bundles iron hoop; 343 pcs aspenwood; 25 cases copper wire; 142 bags iron rivets; 55 unpacked motor cars.

From Antwerp: 120 casks chlorate of potash; 225 bundles sleepers; 1060 bdls rounds; 209 cases earthenware; 100 dms coal tar derivative; 948 bundles iron pipes; 56 cases window glass; 387 coils galvd iron wire; 30 drums katanol; 52 cases art silk yarn; 73 drums mineral oil; 1883 drums dyes dry; 367 bundles sheet washers; 65 cases cheese; 613 pcs steel poles; 36 cases cycle parts; 250 bgs farina; 63 bags dextrine; 259 cases chemical product; 33 bundles weaving machinery; 450 bundles round bars; 763 bds rods; 37 cases schnapps; 201 pcs steel poles; 36 drums aniline colour; 42 pcs marble slabs; 100 cases elect wire and cables; 50 cases radio apparatus; 150 cases iron screws; 82 bales card boards; 50 cases deschiens syrup; 160 bags bolts and nuts; 390 bales rubber tires; 200 cases milk powder; 383 bales paper; 40 cases glass roofing tiles; 50 dms chromosal; 127 dms sulphide of soda; 300 bags appretine, sizing and finishing; 100 bags extracted caraway seed; 450 bags starch; 475 cases beer; 152 dms acetic acid; 334 rolls wire cloths; 1064 bdls hoops; 73 cases rivets; 1500 bdls steel rods; 163 bags hex tapped nuts; 68 bgs tiles; 80 bags black washers; 750 coils baling wire; 300 casks dyes paste, 105 bundles skimmed milk.

From Naples: 48 cases preserves; 11034 baskets potatoes; 400 bags garlic.

From Port Said: 100 pkgs bedsteads; 1480 cases figs; 392 bales cotton; 100 csks sulphate of copper.

SOCIALIST WEEKLY FOR LUCKNOW

LUCKNOW, Oct. 5.

A limited company to publish progressive literature and to bring out a Hindi weekly with radical outlook and which will voice the cause of peasants and workers, is being formed with a capital of Rs. 50,000/-.

Acharya Narendra Deo, the veteran Socialist leader, will be the Managing Director and Mr. Mohanlal Gautam the Manager.

It is learnt that "Sangharsa" will be the name of the weekly and it will come out from the Deepawali day.—United Press.

Unsettled Financial Situation In U. S. A.

DESPITE EXPANSION OF LOAN SCHEME COTTON QUIET

Long Liquidation And Hedge Selling

An expansion of the loan scheme encouraged the New York market on Tuesday but subsequently selling was considerable. Crop estimates are being raised and the New York Cotton Exchange service indicates that foreign production this year will be 20,000,000 bales.

The New York Cotton Exchange members average guess estimate is 16,575,000 bales and the Fossick Bureau estimates crop 16,520,000 bales and condition 77.3 per cent.

There was a further sharp fall in the Wall Street market and considerable nervousness prevailed

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton futures market opened at about the highest level of the day and closed at the lowest level. At the opening December was quoted 8.23 and declined to 8.13. The market closed at a decline of 5 points to a rise of one point. Spot cotton prices declined 3 points at 8.45c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed at a less of one to three points. Spot cotton prices closed two points down at 8.24c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 10 points with January 4.79. Prices advanced on reported U.S. Government intension to include low grades in loan cotton and also rumours that Indian Government will support prices, but reacted owing to lack of fallow through. There was hedge selling and local liquidation in sympathy with Egyptian cotton. The market closed at a decline of one to two points. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced one point at 4.89d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton market was quiet. Giza futures closed 14 to 9 points down and Uppers declined 11 to 12 points.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria market was easy with increased selling. Sakels futures declined 11 to 13 points and Ashmouni futures closed 13 to 10 points lower.

ALARMING SITUATION

The Bureau crop estimate was much larger than had generally been anticipated, yet closing prices to-night are just about where they were a week ago. Meanwhile the market displayed a good deal of stability on evening-up operations before the Bureau report, including covering and trade buying on both domestic and foreign account. There is much comment on the fact that the market meets strong resistance around the 9-cent level. Some observers believe that this is a result of the Government loan, although Mr. Oscar Johnston points out at Memphis that the loan is in no sense a peg and that it establishes neither a floor nor a ceiling. There is, however, a noticeable hesitation about taking risks on the short side.

LIQUIDATED MARKET

The Bureau report found the market well liquidated, with no cumbersome long interest and, with hedging only moderate, contracts were comparatively scarce. Many traders fear that there will be increased pressure as cotton begins to move more freely, especially as the mills profess to see little cause to hurry as regards anticipating requirements.

FAVOURABLE WEATHER

Weather conditions generally have been less favourable; the weekly weather report to-day was the most unfavourable one so far this season, indicating deterioration in the eastern and central belts owing to too much rain and also lowering of grades in portions of the west. This report tempered the Bureau estimate to some extent, and many traders believe that the increasing complaints about weevil activities have been followed by actual damage.

Some authorities expect that more cotton will go into the loan if there is any further decline, especially middling 7/8 in. and also by middling, on which the delivery basis is now lower than 7 3/4 cents.

POLITICAL SITUATION

The European political situation is causing alarm in the trade, which is also much concerned about the position in the Far East, especially as Japanese demand is slow. With the Bureau report out of the way the market now awaits indications of the attitude of spinners, who so far have been holding off.—M.G.C.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. December Highest (10 a.m.)	8.23+11
N. Y. December Lowest (3 p.m.)	8.13+01
Liverpool January Highest	4.79+10
Liverpool January Lowest	4.67—02

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York:—New loan terms low grade construed bullish.

Farmers holding back their cotton due to unsettled financial situation depressing.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:

Liverpool.—Market still lacks sufficient buying power to sustain advances but shows signs of increasing resistance to further decline due mainly to extension of holding movement in the South and greater attractiveness of loan at current price level.

New York.—Market displayed resistence despite weakness in all markets owing liberalized Government loan designed to include lower grade and stapl . Fixations in nears offset by hedge sellinng in distants.

New York.—Farmers holding back their cotton. Unsettled financial situation depressing the market.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegram from New York:—

"Rains in the Central belt and Eastern be.. reducing hedge selling. Loan based widened which should make loan more popular. Average of members of New York Cotton Exchange estimate crop at 16,575,000 bales. Securities weak."

Messrs. M. and B. Stern have received the following cable from Messrs. Geo H. McFadden and Bro.

"New C.C.C. regulations making more cotton eligible for loan should bring rate of advance nearer. Do not look for upturn however until movement further advanced and domestic mills show more disposition to buy."

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable:—

Their Liverpool Agents cabled.

Between midnight and daylight, light to moderate rainfall Eastern Belt and Alabama. Getting too much rain.

Fairchild estimate 16,605,000 bales, Nears strengthened by admission low grades loan plan; weakness outside markets disturbing.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Oct. 5.

December	8.13+01
January	8.05+01
March	8.05+02
May	8.06—04
July	8.06—05
Middling Spot	8.45—03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, Oct. 5.

October	8.28
December	8.24—01
January	8.10—03
Middling Spot	8.24—02
11 a.m. Ranges.—	
December	8.15/8.15
January	8.07/8.07
March	8.08/8.08
Noon Call.—	
December	8.17
March	8.07

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, Oct. 5.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	85,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil.
Day's Exports to the Continent	25,000
Day's Exports to China and Japan	Nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, Oct. 5.

October	4.57—02
November	4.63—01
December	4.66—01
January	4.68—01
February	4.70—02
March	4.72—02
April	4.74—02
May	4.76—02
June	4.78—02
July	4.80—02
August	4.82—01
September	4.84—01
October	4.86—01
Middling Spot	4.80+01
10-12 a.m. quotations.—	
January	4.78
March	4.82

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, Oct. 5.

F.G.F. SAKELLARIDIS—	
F.G.F. Spot	8.01
GIZA—	
Spot	7.13—6.
October	6.02—14
November	6.05—14
January 1938	6.53—11.
March	6.62—12.
May	6.74—10.
July	6.80— 9.
UPPERS—	
Spot	6.35— 3.
October	5.75—11.
November	5.75—11.
January 1938	5.74—12.
March	5.79—12.
May	5.84—12.
July	5.86—12.

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Oct. 5.

BROACH.—	
Fully Good (Good staple)	3.85
Fine (Good staple)	4.00
Superfine (Good staple)	4.15
OOMRA—	
Fine (No 1 staple)	4.00
Superfine (No 1 staple)	4.15
Choice (No 1 staple)	4.30
BENGAL—	
Good	3.42
Fully Good	3.52
Fine	3.67

LONDON SEEDS.
London, Oct. 5.

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton October sellers	£13/12/6
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton Oct/Nov. sellers	£15/12/6
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton Oct/Nov. sellers	£16/0/0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton Oct/Nov. sellers	£15/2/6
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton Oct/Nov. sellers	£15/0/0

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Oct. 5.

New York (closing rate)	4.85.27
Paris	150.81
Berlin	12.32 3/4
Madrid	72.50
Amsterdam	8.95 3/4
Brussels	29.33 1/2
Milan	94.15
Berne	21.52 3/4
Prague	141.50

LONDON PRODUCE
London, Oct. 5

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels Jan/Feb. sellers	41/6
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels October sellers	45/6
Wheat South Australian parcels October sellers	46/6

LONDON RUBBER
London, Oct. 5.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb. sellers	8 3/8

LINSEED OIL.
London, Oct. 5.

Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt. October sellers	29/10 1/2
Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt. Jan/Apr. sellers	29/7 1/2

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, Oct. 5.

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	9 1/4

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 6.

Following disappointing New York advices, the local cotton market was expected to open at Rs. 164 for Broach A/M delivery and the market opened weak at Rs. 163/4 for Broach A/M. delivery and declined to Rs. 162 at this level there was active buying by professiona. operators and prices rallied to Rs. 164. The local share market was firm and the tone of the market was good.

Liverpool market opened unchanged and the local market was quiet with scattered selling and prices declined to Rs. 162/8. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M	162 12 0
Oomra D/J	143 8 0
Bengal D/J	127 12 0

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Oct 6

Bengal F G	130/32
C P 1	150/53
C P 2	143/46
Arvi	143/46
Berar	133/35
Khandesh	128/31
Jalna Sailu	128/31
Burwah Sanavad	131/35
Mathia	113/18
Broach Fine	154/58
Jamdia Ankleshwar	188/93
Surat	203/05
Navsari	213/15
Kampala	321/23

Indian Cotton Figures

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Bombay, Oct 6
Since 1st Sept

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday.	This year.
Khandesh		232
Barsi and Nagar		433
Berar		6
Central Provinces		48
Total Oomras		694
Dholera		606
Sind-Punjab	151	6,712
Broach		1,382
Coompta and Dharwar		1,802
Westerns-Northerns		414
Cocoanada		12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		704
American		158
Egyptian, African and Sudan	525	20,463
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		26
Total	676	32,967

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 30th Sept

In full-pressed bales *	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	243	20,807
Japan and China	66	22,080
Coast Ports		5,866
Up-country by Rail		25,563
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		1,388
Total	309	73,724

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1937-38	1936-37
Receipts to date 5-10-37	2597000	1937000
Receipts yesterday 5-10-37	85000	53000
Exports to date 5-10-37	968000	908000
Stock at Ports 1-10-37	2394000	1995000
Stock at Interior Towns 1-10-37	1489000	1831000
Stock at Liverpool 1-10-37	684000	763000
Visible Supply 1-10-37	5107000	4813000
Quantity in sight 1-10-37	3747000	3176000
Quantity out of sight 1-10-37	1521000	1615000

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 3rd/4th October	782
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	32,291
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	28,059
Increase	4,232

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—

Dec. 146 Jan. 158 March 166 May 174 at Cross Rate 4.95 1/4.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1938 164—Liverpool May 1938 4.75 Rs. 42 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M. 1938 164—New York May 8.09 Rs. 16 3/4 at Cross Rate 4.95 1/4.

High And Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Oct. 5.

Broach A/M. 1938 op. 165; highest 167 1/2; lowest 165; closing 166 3/4.

Oomra D/J. op. 146; highest 147; lowest 145 3/4; closing 146 1/2.

Bengal D/J. op. 129; highest 129 3/4; lowest 128 3/4; closing 129 1/4.

T/Mandi for Broach April/May (21-10-37) Rs. 7 3/4.

T/Mandi for Broach April/May (31-3-38) Rs 20 1/2.

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandra, Oct. 5.

SAKEL—	
November	14.34—11.
January	14.35—13.
ASHMOUNI—	
December	10.12—11.
February	10.20—10.
April	10.27—12.
GIZA.—	
November	12.35—18.
January	12.38—17.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Oct 6

Wheat	20,078 cwts.
Linseed	9,817 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	546 cwts.
Gingellyseed	131 cwts.
Groundnuts	5,136 cwts.
Castorseeds	538 cwts.
Rice	11,843 cwts.
Myrabollams	341 cwts.
Cottonseed	330 cwts.
Mowraseed	389 cwts.
Gram	2,366 cwts.
Joowar	1,469 cwts.
Maize	51 cwts.
Barley	1,176 cwts.
Bajree	731 cwts.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Oct. 6.

Yesterday London gold prices improved 1 1/2d. to £7-0-3. London/Paris Exchange rate was 63 points up at 150.81. Dollar/Sterling cross rate was 4.95 1/4. London silver prices were unchanged at 19 15/16d. Speculators sold and America bought. New York silver prices were unchanged at 44 3/4 cents and Montreal prices closed unchanged to 65 points down. Shanghai T.T. on London was quoted 1.2 5/16. The local market was fairly steady with a moderate turnover.

GOLD

Ready	34 13 6
Aso	34 13 6
Kartak	34 13 3
SILVER	
Ready	50 11 0
Aso	50 12 0
Kartak	50 13 6

LONDON SILVER
London, Oct. 5.

Spot	19 15/16
Forward	19 13/16

LONDON GOLD
London, Oct. 5.

London gold bars fine per oz	£7/0/8

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Oct 6

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£48 5 0
Standard copper 3 months	£48 5 0
Electrolytic copper	£57 0 0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 43 8 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 47 8 0
Tone: Steady.	

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Liverpool, Oct 6

Cotton: Slightly warmer; light rains in North Carolina. The Daily Official U. S. Government forecast says:— Western Belt generally fair; all balance entire Belt partly cloudy.

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, Oct 6

Following easier foreign advices the local market opened weak and prices improved on short covering but again declined on renewed selling. The undertone of the market was easy and quotations were as under:—

Linseed May	8 3 9
Wheat January	5 10 0
Wheat May	5 6 0

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Oct 5

November	£13 16 3

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Oct 6

Castorseeds May—	
Opening	34 0 0
Highest	34 4 0
Lowest	34 0 0
Closing	34 1 6
Groundnuts Feb—	
Opening	33 8 0
Highest	33 10 6
Lowest	33 2 0
Closing	33 2 0
Cottonseeds Jan—	
Opening	18 12 0
Highest	18 13 6
Lowest	18 11 3
Closing	18 11 3

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Oct 5

October	109 1/8d.
December	107 1/4d.
March	102 1/8d.
May	101 1/2d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Oct 5

December	dol. 1.05
May	dol. 1.05 7/8
July	dol. 1.00 3/8

New York Sugar

New York, Oct 5

December	2.25—2
March	2.23—1
May	2.2[illegible]
July	2.2[illegible]

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Oct 6

Ready Javas	Rs. 15 4 0
Shipment Oct Dec	5 0 6
Shipment Jan March	5 2 6
Kesar	10 12 0
Saraya	10 9 0
Java Spot	F. 7.00

RICE CROP

The Department of Agriculture, Bombay, have issued the following Preliminary Memorandum on the Rice Crop of the Bombay Presidency (including Indian States) for the season 1937-38:—

On an average of the five years ending 1935-36 the area under rice in the Territory included in this forecast has represented some 3.3 per cent. of the total area under the crop in the whole of India.

The figures in this forecast relate to the rice crop sown between May and August 1937.

(Estimates up to 15th September 1937.)

Information incomplete. Total reported and estimated area British Districts 1,800 thousand acres and Indian States 413 thousand acres. Total 2,213 thousand acres; 5.2 and 0.7 per cent. respectively over corresponding area last year and decennial average same date. Area decreased in Karnatak owing deficient sowing rains but increased elsewhere due sufficient rain at sowing time.

In Gujarat and Deccan sowing and transplanting done under favourable rains of June and July. Crop somewhat suffered from insufficient rain in August but improved under good September rains and now progressing satisfactorily. In Karnatak crop suffering many areas due prolonged drought and requires substantial rains immediately. Season favourable in Konkan due timely and adequate rains and crop reported doing well.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct. 6.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	100
3 per cent 1951/54	101/8
4 per cent 1941	103/10
4 per cent Defence Bonds	9/
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	98/9
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106/8
3 per cent 1948 Bonds	108/2
4 per cent 1960/70	113/10
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	119
3 per cent 1939/44	105/9
per cent 1940/43	108/4
1/2 per cent 1948/50 Loan	103/10
TAX FREES.	
per cent 1954/68	112
5 per cent 1945/55	123/7
3 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	103/12
5 per cent 1935 Mysore	123
CORPORATION DEBENTURES.	
per cent B P T	1974 109/4
per cent M Deb	1974 108/8
per cent M Deb	1949 118
6 per cent	1954 131
per cent K P T	1956 131

In sympathy with a further rise in sterling quotations, the 3 1/2 per cent paper opened steady at Rs. 98/10 and declined to Rs. 98/8 on realising but the undertone was firm.

MONEY & EXCHANGES

Bombay, Oct. 6.

B. C. RATES T T D D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying T T 1/6 5/32
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/16
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32
NEW YORK.—
Bank's selling T T 268 1/2
Bank's buying T T 266 3/8
PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,124
Bank's buying T T 1,149
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 47 1/2
Bank buying T T 77
AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 67 1/8
JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 66 7/8
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 83 7/8
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 80 1/4
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 156 1/4
BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 91 5/8
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.95.18 5th instant.
Japan/London 1/2 1/32 6th instant.
Hongkong/London 1/3 1/32 6th instant.
Shanghai/London 1/2 5/16 6th instant.
Java/London 8.93 1/2 6th instant.
London/Paris 150.81 5th instant.
London/Belgium 29.38 1/2 5th instant.
London/Switzerland 21.52 3/4 5th instant.
London/Berlin 12.32 3/4 5th instant.
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 5th instant.
London/New York 4.95.27 5th instant.
London/Amsterdam 8.95 3/4 5th instant.
London/Italy 94.15 5th instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £7-0-6 1/2 4th instant.
Gold £7-0-8 5th instant.
Silver London Ready 19 15/16 4th instant.
Silver London Ready 19 15/16 5th instant.
Silver London Forward 19 13/16 4th instant.
Silver London Forward 19 13/16 5th instant.
Silver New York Ready 45 4th instant
Silver New York Ready 45 5th instant
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 4th instant
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 5th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 4th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 5th instant.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
MONEY:—
Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 per cent.
Tone: Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Oct. 5.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	79 1/4
3 1/2 per cent	93
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	103 1/4
4 per cent 1948/53	108
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	113
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	115 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	111 1/4
3 per cent 1949/52	98 1/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	74 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	101 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	110 3/8
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordy. Firm.	76/3

Tenders For Sterling

On Wednesday, the 6th October 1937, tenders to the amount of £935,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d. were received and accepted in full

£1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Tuesday, the 12th October 1937, on the same conditions as previously announced.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, Oct. 5.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£79 1/4
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£93
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£113
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£74 1/2
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£100 1/4
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£101 1/2
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 3/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£109 1/4
Chartered Bank of India A and China	£13 1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg.	£95 1/2
National Bank of India	£42 3/8
P and O Banking Corporation	£10

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES
London, Oct. 5.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate	unchanged
Bank Bills 6 months market rate	unchanged.
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate	unchanged.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate	unchanged.
Interest Day to Day Loan	unchanged.
Interest 7 Days Market Loan	unchanged

Attempts To Boost Share Prices

Bullish Enthusiasm On Stock Exchange

Great Caution Needed In Following Rises

BOMBAY: October 6.

There seems a determined effort on the part of certain Bull Operators to raise share prices to dizzy heights and then unload extensive holdings on the market.

There is a planned action and those who enter the market on the constructive side now, will realise that it is a sheer gamble. World factors and particularly the huge drop in Wall Street Market and the dramatic collapse in raw cotton prices, do not justify the present bullish temper of the market.

But Professional Operators are holding the key of the market and will not allow the market to slip down. As a matter of fact several of them have extensive resources and some of them have made huge profits in the Cotton Markets and are in a position to dictate their own prices.

There is a slight increase in the business, and it appears that before the end of the month, there will be substantial increase in prices. But this rise, entirely depends upon the extent of short interest, and if the public also determines to remain aloof, all plans will have to be abandoned and ultimately the market will collapse.

Thus it will be safer to have no short sale in the market and those who are holding purchases in the forward market will do well by putting stop loss orders. The market is becoming highly sensitive and will have very wild markets in the near future, and it needs great caution in following the rise. It is true that the textile industry is doing well, but similarly prices of shares have also advanced. The supply of shares is limited and naturally Bulls will have their own way, but at the same time it will not be out of place to remember that all holdings will have to be liquidated in this market.

The market opened firm to-day and prices reached new high levels, but later on there was some realising which resulted in a partial decline from high levels. The undertone of the market was firm and Professionals will make further attempts to raise prices.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened to-day at Rs. 1,145 and after declining three points advanced to Rs. 1,160 when the rise was checked by realising and prices declined to Rs. 1,150. Century shares were steady at Rs. 320 after touching the high level of Rs. 327. Central India shares improved to Rs. 353, while Kohinoors were steady at Rs. 397. Simplex shares were placed at Rs. 133 and Swadeshi closed at Rs. 342.

Associated Cements were in demand and prices improved to Rs. 158-4. Andhras were quiet but steady at Rs. 1,625 and Hydros changed hands at Rs. 165. Tata Powers opened at Rs. 1,530 and after improving to Rs. 1,540 declined to Rs. 1,525.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened to-day at Rs. 1,735 and soon advanced to Rs. 1,782 when heavy realising appeared and prices declined to Rs. 1,755, but again improved to Rs. 1,765. Ordinary shares also after fluctuating between Rs. 386 and Rs. 373 closed at Rs. 370-8. Bellapurs firmed up to Rs. 193 and Bombay Steams improved to Rs. 213. Bombay Burma shares opened at Rs. 790 and after advancing to Rs. 805 declined to Rs. 790 on profit-taking.

TEXTILE SHARES.

	Rs. as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 6)	427 8
250 BOM DYEING (Rs 25)	1,150 0
100 CENTURY	320 0
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 3)	353 12
100 COLABA (Rs. 2-8)	253 12
100 Coorla (Rs. 5)	117 8
250 David	75 0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	460 0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0-12-0
100 Finlay (Rs. 3)	167 8
100 GOKAK (Rs. 4-8)	264 6
1000 Hindustan (Rs 75)	1790 0
100 Indore	77 0
100 Khatau (Rs 2)	160 0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	397 8
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	687 8
250 Madras United	11 0
1000 Morarji (nil)	1,310 0
250 Model	55 0
50 MYSORE (Rs. 2)	126 4
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	335 0
100 Osmanshahi (Re. 1)	46 8
100 Phoenix (10)	337 8
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	70 0
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2330 0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 2)	133 2
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 5)	342 8
100 Swan (nil)	132 8
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1490 0
1000 Western (Rs. 10)	875 0
BANKS	
50-100 Baroda (Rs 2-8)	117 0
25-50 Central (Rs. 12)	30 14
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1547 8
125-500 I Conty (Rs. 7-8)	383 12
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	142 8
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-8)	126 4
5 Union (As. 4)	5-10-0
CEMENTS	
100 Associated	158 4
INSURANCE	
100-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	995 0
15-100 Jupiter (As 12)	15 12
20 Mercantile	56 4
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	44 4
200 Oriental (125)	4,760 0
10-50 Vulcan (Rs. 8)	8 2
ELECTRIC	
100 Ahmedabad Old	156 4
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 5) X.D.	1,625 0
10 Ajmer (As 4)	13 10
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	136 4
100 B'bay Suburban (Rs. 6)	177 8
10 Broach	14 0
100 Karachi (4)	271 4
100 Poona (4)	212 0
100 Surat (Rs 6)	212 0
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	165 10
1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 40)	1,520 0
RAILWAYS	
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	957 8
100 C Province	97 0
100 Dhond Baramati	104 4
100 Gujarat	95 12
100 Mandra Bhon	97 8
100 Pachora Jamner	94 0
100 Sara Sirajgunj	99 8
500 Tapti Valley	763 12
MININGS	
9 Burma Corp. (As. 11)	11 1

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE
Bombay, Oct. 6.

Bombay Dyeing (1142/8) 1145 1142 1160 1150 1155 1147 1152 1150
Century (321/4) 320 327 323 320
Central India (347/8) 350 353 351 352 351 353
Kohinoor (397/8) 397 395 397
New Great (336/4) 335 341 335 340 335
Simplex (131/4) 132 136 132 133
Swadeshi (337/8) 340 351 341 342
Associated (157) 157/8 158/4
Andhra (1620) 1630 1635 1630 1625
Tata Hydro (163/2) 165
Tata Power (1532/8) 1530 1540 1530 1535 1525 1526
Tram. Ord. (135/15) 136/4 136/14 136/4
T. Steel Dfd. (1747/8) 1735 1745 1742 1782 1762 1767 1765 1770 1755 1757 1752 1762 1765
T. Stee. Ord. (369) 366 368 373 370/8 371 368/4 370 370/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (168/8) 168/8
Bellapur (183/12) 186 185 191 186 190 188 190 193
Steam (211/4) 208 211 210 213
Burma (787/8) 790 795 802 795 805 790

2sh. Indian Copper (As. 1-6) 3 4
10 Indian Iron and Steel (Re. 1) 53 0
10 SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 2) 74 0
30 TATA STEEL DFD. (Rs. 36-3-6) 1,765 0
75 TATA STEEL ORD (Rs. 10) 370 8

MISCELLANEOUS

100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5) 365 0
50 BELAPUR SUGAR (Rs. 6) 193 12
200-250 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 40) 876 4
250 BOM STEAM (Rs. 13-12) 213 12
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-8) 790 0
50 Do. Conty. (Rs. 63-8) 261 4
3sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil) 5-10-9
50 B. TELEPHONE (Rs. 2-8) 106 0
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 3) 171 4
50 I. Invest Trust (Rs. 2) 55 0
100 I. Radio Defd. (12) 565 0
100 I. Radio Ord (15) 510 0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25) 735 0
30 PREMIER CON (Rs 2-15) 97 0
15 Scindia 28 10
25 Tata Oil Mill 39 0

PREFERENCE

7 p.c Andhra Valley XD 1500 0
6 p.c Bombay Steam 307 8
7 p.c Bombay Tram (T.F.) 77 0
5 p.c Central India (T.F.) 555 0
6 1/4 p.c Prem Const. 1st 107 0
6 1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd 101 8
7 p.c Tata Hydro 159 6
7½ p.c. Tata Power 1572 8
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st 199 6
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd 168 8
7 p.c Vishnu 703 12

DEBENTURES

3 3/4 p.c Andhra Valley 101 8
6 p.c Andhra Valley 109 4
4 p.c Bom. Telephone 52 0
7 p.c Sholapur 83 12
5 p.c Tata Hydro 109 8

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on Forward List.)

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BOMBAY: THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1937

Tricolour Over Dharwar D. L. B.

Headmaster Bans School Association

HUBLI, Oct. 6.

The Dharwar District Local Board resolved to hoist the National Flag on the Board Building as well as on Schools etc. under its control.—A. P.

HEADMASTER BANS SCHOOL ASSOCIATION

HUBLI, Oct. 5.

The little village of Chikkodi in Hubli Taluk was the scene of a mild sensation when the headmaster of the R. D. High School refused to permit the teachers to gather and form an Association of their own.

The Students of the institution on coming to know of this gathered at a meeting of the Students' Association and passed a resolution to request the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, the Premier, holding the portfolio of Education to preside over the combined Students and the Teachers Conference, proposed to be held on October 20.—A. P.

PROTEST TO KHER

HUBLI, Oct. 4.

The Hubli Taluk Congress Committee at a meeting held recently to consider the letter of the President, Hubli Municipal Borough to the President of the Taluk Congress Committee and the letter the former had addressed to the Premier of Bombay regarding the question of flag-hoisting on the Municipal building, passed a resolution condemning the attitude of the President of the Municipal Borough and resolving to send a memorial to the Premier putting the true facts of the situation.

The meeting also resolved that the Congress Committee was not responsible for the recent butchers strike in Hubli challenging the President to prove his allegations that the local Congress Committee was in any way connected with it.

In pursuance of the above resolution the President of the Hubli Taluk Congress Committee has to-day addressed a letter to the Premier of Bombay stating the circumstances in which the present flag situation had arisen.

NATIONAL FLAG & LOCAL BOARDS

Hubli Incident Creates Problem For Bombay Ministry

(From A Correspondent)

Curiously enough at a time when the Congress Government is in power, there arises an impasse regarding the hoisting of the National Flag on the Municipal buildings at Hubli. During the civil disobedience movement, when almost all other provinces had banned the use of the National Flag on municipal and other public buildings, the Bombay Government alone,—thanks to the indefatigable efforts of the late Diwan Bahadur Harilal Desai,—declined to pass any such orders on the local bodies. The various local authorities enjoyed a certain amount of freedom in regard to the National Flag. Wherever the Congress element dominated, the Municipalities and local boards hoisted the National Flag on suitable occasions.

The recent incident at Hubli where the President is said to have declined to meet the wishes of the local Congressmen may possibly have some repercussions. Should the Congress Ministry issue specific orders on this question? The use of a National Flag is a privilege enjoyed by all self-governing Dominions. In fact it is always bound up with the general question of nationality.

IN DOMINIONS

Though the Union Jack is the common flag of the British Empire, Dominions fly their own distinctive flags. New Zealand has for formal purposes a flag of its own. So also the Commonwealth of Australia has adopted a flag for military use and for its Government offices. The Irish Free State prides itself in flying a distinctive flag of its own. The Union of South Africa, after much controversy created a separate flag by including with the Union Jack the old republican flags in miniature in the Central of the three stripes of the flag. In the Union both the Union Jack and the Union Flag are flown on the Houses of Parliament and the principal Government buildings.

SYMBOL OF SELF-RESPECT

If such is the position in self-governing Dominions, it is but natural that the Indian people, aspiring for freedom, should claim to fly their own distinctive emblem on public buildings. It is a symbol of self-respect and every Indian with an iota of patriotism should recognise the Congress Flag as the true emblem of unity and national respect. So long as the Union Jack is not discarded or disrespected there cannot be much force in the opposition of the ultra-loyalists who reject the idea of a National Flag.

"TRI-COLOUR ON EVERY CIVIC BOARD BUILDING"

HUBLI, October 6.

"Every country and every nation in the world has its or her own national flag and it has always been a pride to them to hoist their flag symbolic of the nation's strength and freedom.

"We, too, in India have our own flag, the tri-colour one, symbolic of India's love for freedom and the attainment of her full stature among the nations of the world.

"That flag as some people think is not merely a Congress flag. It is the flag of the whole Indian nation and not of one political party. Hence it is incumbent on all of us to see that that flag flies from the top of every local board and municipal building and other places, so that it may remind the youth of the country to serve the motherland and fight for her freedom."

In these words, Mr. Thambakad, Vakil and member of the Dharwar Local Board, commenced his resolution asking the Board to hoist the national flag (tri-colour) on every institution under the Board and as also the Board building itself.—A.P.

The District School Board of Bijapur has adopted a proposal to open about 20 new schools and to appoint 50 additional teachers to meet the needs of villages in the district. It also decided to request Government to provide funds for the purpose.

Cyclone Passes Over Patna

Several Houses Collapse

PATNA, Oct. 4.

The cyclnic weather which passed over Patna recently seems to have moved north-wards and is reported to have done much damage in the Suppul sub-division of Bhagalpore district.

It raged there for nearly four days causing several houses in days causing several houses to collapse and uprooting many trees. Boats could not cross the Kosi river and hence many intending passengers were held up on the other side being unable to reach Suppul. Owing to rise in the river the train service between Bhaptia and Suppul was suspended. But no damage was done to the bund which protects the town and it is reported to be quite safe.

Avoid Conflict With States

Jawahar's Advice To Kathiawar Youth Conference

Following is the letter of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru received by Sjt. Vrajlal Shukla, President Rajkot Youth League in connection with the interview he had with him in train at the time of Panditji's Gujrat visit, last month:—

The Kathiawar Youth Conference should be held where the Executive decides after consultation with local workers. The Conference should have freedom to discuss the usual matters which such conferences discuss. There should be no limitations or restrictions on the Conference but obviously it must deal with all such matters having regard to the situation. It must not create unnecessary trouble for itself. It should concentrate on civil liberties, fundamental rights and opposition to the Federation.

Our general policy is to avoid conflicts with States and this should be adhered to. But this does not mean that we should suppress our activities. If in the course of activities the State intervenes and even arrested a person that cannot be helped. But deliberate civil disobedience or breaches of orders are not encouraged to-day either in British India or in the States. An attempt should be made to build up public opinion. Where the fundamental right of association is denied small private meetings should be held and propaganda done through leaflets, etc.

The Congress does not differentiate between the States and the rest of the country. But difference arise on the part of the States. The Congress cannot undertake any special activity in the States. Such activity have for its basis the people of the States themselves. The Congress would sympathise and would give such support as it can.

The Youth Conference should try to co-operate with the political conference and should not consider itself a rival to it.

Regarding the Gujarat P.C.C's arrangements of constituencies, I can say nothing without full inquiry. Such matters are usually left entirely in the hands of the P.C.C. If they have any grievance they should place it before the P.C.C. Personally I think that the principle of election is always desirable. As the Congress constitution is being amended some of these questions will probably not arise in future.

1,000 MUSLIMS JOIN CONGRESS

AMRAOTI, Oct. 6.

It is learnt that 1,000 Muslims have been enrolled as Congress members due to the efforts of the Muslim Mass Contact Committee.

It is stated that some prominent members of the Muslim League have signed the Congress pledge and joined the Congress.—A. P.

Subhas Leaves For Calcutta

Warning Against Govt. Interference In Calcutta Corporation

LAHORE, Oc. 6.

After a stay of five months in the Punjab Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose left last night for Calcutta, from where after a couple of days stay he proceeds to Kurseong to complete his cure.

Mr Bose accompanied by his host and medical adviser Dr Dharamvir arrived at Lahore from Dalhousie last night, his visit being kept a close secret, so that he should not be disturbed by visitors en route. Only three or four persons, including Mr. Mahasne, Mr Krishna and Mr Virendra were present at the station to greet Mr Bose.

Mr Bose appeared to be improved in health and was very cheerful. In the course of a talk Mr. Bose said that he would most probably attend the next meeting of the A.I.C.C.

As regards Congress work in the Punjab Mr. Bose said that if they went about it in right earnest they would soon create a healthy atmosphere throughout the province.

On the question of formation of a Congress coalition Ministry in Bengal Mr. Bose said that he could say nothing and he himself was personally opposed to the acceptance of offices. He was very happy over the repatriation of political prisoners from the Andamans and thought that it was a victory of the popular will.

Mr. Bose said that if the Bengal Ministry had made any reactionary move regarding the Calcutta Corporation, Bengal would "kick up" a big agitation which might engulf the Ministry itself. Concluding Mr Bose said that he would visit the Punjab in next spring.

LUCKNOW MEETING OF MUSLIM LEAGUE

Amendment Of Constitution Likely

LAHORE, Oct. 6.

Great importance is attached in political circles in the Punjab to the meeting of the All-India Muslim League to be held in the middle of this month at Lucknow under the presidentship of Mr. M A Jinnah.

The Punjab is expected to be well represented, both in the open session and the Subjects Committee.

The Lucknow meeting is expected to lay down the future political policy of the Muslims in the light of the changed conditions in the country.

The question of amending the constitution of the Muslim League so as to facilitate the League's work in organising Muslims outside the Congress will also be dealt with as also the attitude of the Muslims towards the Federation.—A. P.

Workers Should Agitate For Redress Of Their Grievances

Khedgikar's Presidential Address At All Khandesh Workers' Conference At Dhulia

DHULIA, October 5.

THE FIRST SESSION OF THE ALL-KHANDESH WORKERS' CONFERENCE WAS HELD AT DHULIA ON MONDAY, THE 4TH OCTOBER, MR. R. A. KHEDGIKAR, M.L.A., AND VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE T. U. C., PRESIDING.

"This Conference is important not merely because it is the first workers' conference to be held in Khandesh and the Maharashtra, but also because it is practically the first workers' conference to be held since the inauguration of the new reforms," said Mr. Khedgikar, presiding over the Conference.

"This Conference is therefore faced with the task of not merely considering the local problems of the Khandesh workers but also considering the problems facing the entire Indian working class movement and giving it a lead in the critical times ahead of us."

Referring to the labour policy of the Congress Ministry, he said that it enunciated a liberal policy and will go a long way towards improving the conditions of the workers provided some action was taken on that basis. He noted with regret the fact that no steps had yet been taken by the Congress Ministry for implementing it.

"We know," he said, "there are difficulties in their way. They have to meet the opposition of the Government and the capitalists. They will not be able to do anything unless we strengthen their hands by our own organsation."

He deprecated the tendency current in certain quarters that there was no necessity of agitation or organisation since the Congress Ministers were in office. He said that it was a suicidal tendency and would result not merely in putting a premium on inactivity and apathy but also in weakening the position of the Ministers, who, he said, can remain in office and do some useful work only on the strength of the organised masses at their back.

Mass Movement

Proceeding Mr. Khedgikar analysed the present economic condition of the country.

Turning to the situation created by the acceptance of offices by the Congress, he said that it has created a very favourable opportunity for developing the mass movement. He deprecated as ridiculous and suicidal the talk about the advent of Congress Raj and tendency to discourage and ban mass activity.

He advocated the immediate development of mass organisations and mass struggles on such immediate demands as follows:—living wage, eight hours' day, unemployment, sickness, maternity benefits, recognition of trade-unions, etc., for the workers; substantial reduction in rent and revenue, abolition of debts, better facilities for marketing, grazing etc. moratorium, etc for the peasants; free and compulsory primary education, freedom of Press speech and organisation, release of political prisoners and repeal of all repressive laws, etc. as the general demands of all the people.

VILLAGERS'S WIFE AND DAUGHTER KIDNAPPED

Further Details Of Dacoity In Frontier Village

DERA ISMAIL KHAN, Oct. 5.

Further details of the dacoity committed in village of Mullazai Show that a kang of Bhittani faiders consisting of seven men including some local "Badmashes" raided the village at about midnight and began to loot the shop of one mool chand, a piece goods seller.

The raiders kidnapped Mool Chand's wife and a girl aged about 11 years. They also wounde Mool Chand severely.

Border police and military men went in pursuit of the dacoits. The girl and the woman have not yet been released.

A durbar and the distribution of alms marked the celebrations at Bhuj of the twenty-ninth birthday of Maharaj Kumar Shree Meghrajji Bahadur, grandson of the Maharao of Kutch.

JOIN STRUGGLE FOR FREEDOM

Syud Hussain's Exhortation To Muslim Students In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Oct. 5.

"In my opinion it is imperative for the Mussalmans of India to work for the freedom for their motherland" said Dr. Syud Hussain, who recently returned from America after 17 years' absence, addressing the students of the Islamia College this evening.

Continuing he said it was imperative in view of the fact that the Mussalmans by not being progressive had exerted a kind of paralysing inufience on Indian national movement. Their example had moreover tended to exert a demoralising effect on the Mussalmans of other countries. It was not only the duty of the Mussalmans to take part in the movement but to lead it.

Hhe concluded by reminding the audience that the fine traditions of Islamic Culture had been destroyed by the ignorant fanaticism of preverted half-baked Ulemas who were masquerading as upholders of Islamic Culture.—United Press.

All Round Training For Women

PATNA, Oct. 4.

Training for women in tailoring, doll-making, silk-spinning, fruit preserving and preparations of dainties such as jams, jellies, etc., will be provided in a school which will be established in some central place according to the decision of the Organisation Committee recently appointed for this purpose by the Aghore Nari Samiti, whose president is Lady Imam, M.L.A.

The staff of this school will be recruited from ladies who in the first instance will be trained in the local cottage industries institute.—A. P.

Mr. Andanappa Boddamatti, M. L. A., performed on Monday the ceremony of hoisting the national flag, on the Urban Bank Building at Gokak.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *"THE BLACK"*

HEY, SLONE!--- JUST A SECOND---
WELL, IF IT ISN'T INSPECTOR WADE OF SCOTLAND YARD--- GOT ANY CASES YOU WANT SOLVED, INSPECTOR?
SAY, YOU CAN'T TALK THAT WAY TO---!
CALM DOWN, DONAVAN----
PRIVATE DETECTIVE SLONE, EH?---THE ONLY CRIMES HE SOLVES ARE ONES HE PLANS, HIMSELF!
SLAM!
YOU SHOULDN'T HAVE SAID THAT, DONAVAN! NOW YOU'VE HURT HIS FEELINGS!
REMIND ME TO APOLOGIZE TO HIM SOMETIME, WILL YOU?
LYMAN ANDERSON
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